THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By M. C. GALLAWAY & Co. MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, APRIL 26, 1868. (Volume Eleven—Number 92.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Avalanche Job Office, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Allison Brothers, hardware, 270 Front street.

Andrews W. H., grocery and commission merchant, 280 Front street.

Anderson & Gay, grocery and commission merchants, 255 Front street.

Ames, Beattie & Jones, furniture dealers, 306 Main street

Bowmer & Belcher, attorneys at law, Irving Block, Second street.

Bolton, Hines & Co, ice dealers, 346 Main street.

Bourne & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson

Brown & Jones, coal dealers, 347 second street.

Cameron & Co., J. A., Finley Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Case, C. N. jr. & Co, dealers in saddles, bridles and harness, 177 Main street.

Clark & Drury commission merchants, 206 Front street.

Cochran, M. E. and J. W. lumber merchants, foot of Washington street.

Crook, G. W. I., insurance agent, 279 Main street.

Clarke & Co., S. R., insurance agents, 19 Madison street

Clenves & Co., C. C., booksellers and stationers, 312 Second street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 20½ Main street.

Craig & Co., R. G., seed store, 279 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cayce & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 208 Second street.

Chancery Court Room, Wm smith, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 350 Second street, 3d fld. floor.

County Court, Thomas Leonard, Judge; corner Union and second streets.

Criminal Court Room, Wm. Hunter, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 3 Second street third floor.

Common Law Court, G. D. Pierce, Judge; in Greenlaw Opera House, 350 Second street, second floor.

Circuit Court, George Reeves, Judge; corner Union and second streets.

Christian Advocate, Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Dun & Co., R. G., Mercantile Agency, S. B. Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Dickinson, Williams & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 316 Front street.

Peoples Insurance and Trust Company, 42 Madison street.

Duff, W. L., attorney at law, 316 Main street.

Doyle, John A., dealer in corn, oats, hay, etc. 41 South court street.

Dalton & Price, book and job printers, 9 Jefferson street.

Evans, D. H., wholesale liquors, 384 Front street.

Eddins, M. E., lumber dealer, opposite Gas Works.

Finley Churn Dasher, 321 Main street.

Flannery, Joseph, plumber and gas pipe fitter, 53 Jefferson street.

Flaherty & Walsh, undertakers, 317 Second street.

Finlay & Keilar, attorneys at law, 42 Madison street.

Forster, Gauthier & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 259 Main street.

Goodall House, 63 Jefferson street.

Galloway & Co., M. C., proprietors Avalanche, 22 Jefferson street.

Haynes, Stockton & Hart, attorneys at law, 42 Madison street.

Halsell, Scott & Helskell, attorneys at law 42 Madison street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harmund, Larry, Steamboat Agent, corner Main and Adams streets.

Hampton & Chambers, attorneys at law 42 Madison street.

Hunter Mrs M. C., millinery and dress making, 247 Main street.

Harris, Eilet & Phelan, attorneys at law 42 Monroe street.

Hays Coal Company, coal dealers, 287 Main street.

Jones, Edward C., architect, 279½ Main street.

Kirtland, Pollard & Co., commission merchants and agents for Rankin Plant, 252 Front street.

Keyser & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Kil Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. H., office 21 Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kickerbocker Insurance Company, 18 Madison street

Lehoer House, corner Washington and Second streets.

Lovell & Co., Joseph S., boot and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Longuerin & Brothers, B., wholesale and retail dry goods 262 Main street.

Lunn & Mallon, plumbers and steam pipe fitters, 204 Main street.

Lowenstine & Brother, J. H., dry goods, Clay Building, 261 Main street.

Levy & Co., A. S., auctioneers, 227 Second street.

Linkhauer & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers, 279 Second street.

Levy and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders, 5 Madison street.

Memphis City Savings Institution, corner Jefferson and Front streets.

Municipal Court Room, George W. Waldran, Judge; corner Union and Second streets, County Court House

Memphis and Charleston Railroad, Ticke office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 237 Main street.

McRae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

Merchants' National Bank, 8 Jefferson street.

Moody & Co., John K., grocery and produce, 306 Front street.

Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co, S B Wright, Manager, corner Main and Madison streets.

Moore & Georghegan, dealers in agricultural implements, 324 Front street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Meighen & Bro., liquor dealers, 281 Main street.

Moffahon & Otis, Insurance Agents, corner Madison and Second streets

Montgomery & Co., J. E., Steamboat Agents, foot of Jefferson street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 262 Main street

Memphis and Louisville Railroad, office 237½ Main street

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Flem Calvert, Superintendent.

New Memphis Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Norton, J. T., attorney at law, Lee Block, 15 Union street.

Power & McGee, merchant tailors, 231 Second street.

Packer, H. B., coal dealer, 233 Main street.

Powell & Co., E., advertising agents, 81 Union street.

Pattison & Co, George, dealers in books and stationery, 317½ Main street.

Persse, M., millinery and dress making, 237½ Main street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets. R. C. Gist, Postmaster.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., fashionable clothiers, 261 Main street.

Randolph, S. W., attorney at law, corner Monroe and second streets.

Rorster, Treavrant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Brokers, Ayres Block, Second street.

Southern Farmer, office 27 Court street.

Sturvivant & Co, C. W., grocery and commission merchants, 183 Front street.

Southwestern Freight and Cotton Press Company, 263 Madison street.

Stoddard & Co, A. M., auctioneers, 230 Second street,

Scruggs, P. T. and E. H., attorneys at law, 32 Union street

St. Louis Mutual Life Assurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 42 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Semmes & Co., B. J., importers and dealers in liquors, 264 Second street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 258 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Telegraph Office, 27 South Court street.

Terry & Stitchell, wholesale boots and shoes, 329 Main street.

Titus & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

United States Insurance Company, 279 Main street.

United States Court, C. F. Trigg, Judge; No. 350 Main street, third floor.

Ulman & Donohue, steamboat Agents, 254 Front street, up stairs.

Varieties Theater, corner Washington and Main streets.

Ward & Co, R. D., seed dealers, 221 Main street.

Walk & Co, M., steamboat agents, 270 Front street.

Wright & McKissick, attorneys at law, Kil Williams Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Yerger & Sale, attorneys at law, Library Building, Third street, near Jefferson.

wolfel, Dom. lager beer depot, 244 Adams street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

WASHINGTON.

Progress of the National Police Court and Animus of the Jacobins.

Horace Maynard Champion Long-Ugly of the House.

The Memphis "K. K.'s" a God-send to all the "D. D.'s."

Special Correspondence Memphis Avalanche.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 21, 1868.

To morrow, at eleven o'clock, the last act in the drama of impeachment will be entered upon, and the entire day will be consumed, it is expected, in hearing Mr. Bontwell's argument for the prosecution. The argnuent is in print, and will probably appear to-morrow in the papers.

The Managers do not evince the same anxiety now to gallop through the remainder of the trial that has characterized their proceedings since the defense opened their case. Thus, Mr. Wilson was allowed to consume several hours of precious time on Saturday in an argument but slightly bearing upon the subject before the Court, and intended principally to connect his name with the affair. Hitherto he has been compelled by the impertinent and obtrusive Butler to take a "back seat," and has had to content himself with an occasional reference to the Hardy case; but on Saturday he burst out into a set speech, in a manner that convinced his hearers that he was determined to have his say, if it did cost the lives of ten carpet-baggers and as many negroes—that being the rate at which Mr. Butler would have the Court and country believe they are being murdered by "rebels" at the South.

Poor Logan, whom you will recollect as valuly endeavoring, in years gone by, to get himself up on the Douglas model, and who did succeed in making a sort of pocket edition —a miniature Douglas—of himself, smarting under a sense of the failure he made at the opening of the trial, has been exhausting his weak brain in the effort to produce something that might take the place of, or offset, the stump speech referred to. He has gotten up a "weighty argument," which he hoped to get in, but the Senate, having heard him once, refused to relax its rules to give him another chance. He has had his "argument" printed, hoping to get it in in that way. But it is more than likely, from present indications, that he will be disappointed even in this. The practice of the House of Representatives, allowing members to print the speeches they have not time or patience to listen to, may be all very well in view of the fact that they are generally made for buncombe; but it would be a new feature in judicial proceedings. And yet, when we reflect upon it, it does not appear so incongruous after all. Isn't the whole affair a political maneuver?

Of the arguments of the counsel for the President, it can only be said that they will be as concise as the importance of the case will admit of—due regard will be had to their legal standing. That they will be able, may be assumed from the learning of the counsel as evinced in the management of this case, and their previous reputation.

Bingham, who closes the case, has already one hundred pages of foolscap written, and is still writing.

Nothing definite can be stated at this time in regard to the final vote. There are those, however, who are confident of the President's acquittal, with, perhaps, two votes to spare. But this opinion is doubtless predicated upon the fact that men like Fessenden, Trumbull, Sherman, and some others who might be named, who *have* reputations to risk, cannot be believed capable of so great a wrong, merely because the party demands it. The Radicals, on the other hand, express themselves as certain of conviction by a strict party vote, and the President is prepared for such a result. Well, let us possess our souls in patience for a few days longer, and we shall know all about it.

The Senate was not in session to-day. In the House a resolution was introduced by Mr. Robinson, of New York, which brought forty Radical members to their feet all at once. It rescinded the impeachment articles and recalled the Managers from the bar of the Senate. Of course it had not the ghost of a chance, though admitted as a "privileged question" under the ruling of the Speaker. It failed by the usual party vote.

Quite an animated discussion sprang up on the bill of Mr. Jenckes of Rhode Island, extending the operation of the bankrupt law for one year from the 1st of June. It was amended so as to limit it to the 1st of January, and in this shape it passed the House by a vote of 75 to 44.

It is amusing at times to listen to the running comments made upon the appearance, etc., of the different members of the House, by visitors in the galleries. This morning one of the members from our good State passed in review. Two or three gentlemen sitting near me, who had not the fear of Radical destruction before their eyes, canvassed the Hon. Horace Maynard's appearance and calibre, and they unanimously agreed that he was "the meanest looking man in the House," which was anything but complimentary, considering the fact that Conover, Ashley, Thad. Stevens, Butler and others are there, whose approach causes one to put his hand, instinctively, on his pocket-book.

For a year past there has been an acrimonious discussion going on through the press of the country, in regard to the relative merits of the Chickering and Steinway pianos, and especially as to the decision of the committee at the Paris Exposition. This war must now cease. The diplomas, medals, etc., have all arrived from Paris, accompanied by two cases in which to exhibit the medals, and a strong fence has been built around the old hall of the House on which the first mentioned are to be displayed. By these it appears that a gold medal and diploma were granted to each, but the grand cross of the Legion of Honor was also awarded to Chickering & Sons, by the Emperor, and they were constituted "Chevaliers of the Legion of Honor" by the same authority. But three others appear to have received this high distinction, two of them for agricultural implements. The diplomas are quite numerous, and will, with the panoramic views of the Exposition, fill the worm fence built around the hall for them to hang on.

There has been much exultation in Radical circles here on the pretended authoritative disclosures made in your city in regard to the Ku-Klux. They have found it necessary to keep up the excitement in and out of Congress, to kill so many people, *on paper*, within the last two or three years, that the people had began to tire of the slaughter, and something new was needed, and hence the publication of a full account of the affair yesterday in a paper edited by the Secretary of the United States Senate, was a sort of God-send. The revelations were indeed terrifying, as given by this Radical official, and though he has at hand the means of correcting the statement, it will never be done. A lie well stuck to is as good as the truth to these fellows, whose interest it is to believe it. It is only by misrepresenting the state of feeling in that unhappy section that they can hope to excuse their despotic rule there, and we must expect all sorts of lies to be told, yes, and believed by many, for some time to come. But the skies are brightening, and there will come a day when justice, long deferred, will be done. God speed the happy day. X.

LETTER FROM ARKANSAS.

Graphic Description of Affairs About Clarendon, by a New Correspondent.

Special Correspondence of the Avalanche.]

CLARENDON, ARK., April 21, 1868.

COLONEL M. C. GALLAWAY: Deeming it probable that your readers would like to hear a voice from our section of this down-trodden, yet not God-forsaken State, I propose giving your most excellent paper a few items as to our prospects and as to what we are doing for the retrigvement of lost fortunes—I might say stolen fortunes.

I write from Clarendon, our county seat—a place which, at the breaking out of the war, was not slow to give evidence to the world of the stand that she was to take in the great struggle for independence, and which was verified by the alacrity with which her sons enlisted in the most glorious cause, and for which, when it was her misfortune to fall into the hands of an unrelenting and sacrilegious foe, she was robbed and devastated to an extent that history does not relate its equal, even among barbarians. So effectually was the work done, and so equal were the perpetrators of the deed to the task, that scarce a vestige of the once beautiful town remained when their work of destruction had been finished. Yet, with all these misfortunes staring them in the face, our people were not given to lethargy; but, determined to be obedient to the powers that be, they have gone to work with a vim that would astonish a looker-on.

Again we have quite a respectable little town, built upon the site of the old one, and it is soon destined to take an active part in supplying a vast and wealthy rural district with merchandise necessary to the carrying on of an extensive farming interest. Many buildings are now going up, regardless of the stringency in financial affairs, and the town is soon expected to present quite as respectable an appearance as it did previous to the war. Our business houses are all doing well, with room and a trade for many more. We have an excellent hotel, conducted by a most pleasant and courteous gentleman, with genteel servants, who keep everything as "neat as a pin," while the table is supplied with everything the market affords, which speaks well for a town and its inhabitants.

Men of capital are needed very much here, as this is a broad field for them to operate in. There would be no better investment for a man of money than to come to this point and erect a number of buildings for rent, which undoubtedly would rent for at least one-third their original cost. Who would want a greater profit?

After we leave town we find, on either side, broad fields of unsurpassable lands undergoing cultivation, and the farming prospect putting on all its good looks for a large crop of corn and cotton, for which we have indications of a most propitious season. The farmers have not been idle during the past winter. They have fenced and cleared new grounds, built stock-houses, changed their farms from the old style used for slave laborers to one more suited to hired labor, and are working upon an entirely new system, which is highly favorable of better results than any year since the war terminated, and one that is prospective of regeneration from the misfortune that attended our late unfortunate struggle.

Many farmers have erected new and commodious dwelling houses, such as do honor to the country and the perseverance of the people. Duncan township has built a most splendid church, some 63 by 44 feet, with vestibule and all the modern improvements in church building, also with large and commodious Masonic hall overhead. As a whole I suppose it is the finest country church in the State, and does great credit to the pastor, Rev. Mr. Brown, of the Presbyterian Church, who had the building management. I like to have neglected to mention that the county has lately built a very respectable jail in Clarendon, and that the citizens of that place are contracting for the building of quite a handsome Methodist Church, which show a spirit of improvement not to be looked for in these times of stringency.

Upon a whole, the people have simply gone to work, with an avowed purpose to rebuild the country, and make it what it once was, provided they are not defeated by the machinations of the Radical oppressors of the land, who, it seems, are using every effort to reduce the country to a serfdom; yet we all have an abiding confidence in the power of an all-wise Providence to defeat their endeavors.

Hoping this may prove interesting to at least a portion of your readers, and wishing for the success of your paper, that is always such a welcome visitor to our community, and for whose triumph in the "grand-mother Hunter" case, many a prayer has gone up,

I remain yours, truly,

"HARROLD."

WASHINGTON.

Arguments in the Impeachment Trial.

Nelson Makes a Favorable Impression.

Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Louisville Courier]

WASHINGTON, April 23.

After Boutwell concluded his harangue Julian spoke in behalf of the President. He lacks the eloquence of Curtis, but his plain, earnest and straightforward mode of dealing with the question at issue made a favorable impression. Groesbeck follows to-morrow.

It is not settled yet whether Stanbery will file his argument or deliver it. He is preparing it, although still evidently indisposed.

Logan having submitted his piece is now working through his friends for his reward, being a no less place than the Treasury Department. Senator Chandler also aspires to the same position.

Radicals, in anticipation of the good time coming, are apportioning the principal offices, especially the paying ones, as though they were already in possession. Not even popular sentiment, as expressed in the Democratic triumph at Chicago, represses their insolence.

But there are some discreet men in that party who foresee its inevitable downfall in the outrageous manner of removing Johnson. They believe, and correctly, this will only intensify his opposition and hatred, and that he will make bitter political crusades against them and arouse the indignation of the whole country, but particularly the South, to which he is endeared by his efforts to save that people from the horrors of negro rule. Andrew Johnson is a powerful man on the stump, and they may well fear him.

General Schofield is still here in conference with Grant. Virginia Conservatives are organizing to defeat the Constitution, but are apprehensive of military interference. Schofield means well, but is timid, and stands in awe of Grant, who is ready to execute the decrees of his political keepers.

An Arkansas carpet-bag representative wanted to get in the Senate to-day, but the doorkeeper told him no one was admitted to the floor of the Senate but Senators and members of the House. Arkansas traveled.

Bouquets, Evergreens, Pyramids and Crosses and Flowers

PUT up in all styles for to decorate the Confederate Graves. The ladies will be furnished with every kind of Flowers and Evergreens at 42 North Court street, by that Southern Florist.

apr19 J. T. ROE.

Beautiful New Style Prints

JUST OPENED at

WM. R. MOORE & CO.'S,

No. 299 Main street.

Heavy Osnaburgs, Sheetings,

STRIPES AND PLAIDS, in full stock at

WM. R. MOORE & CO.'S,

No. 299 Main street.

GIFT ENTERPRISE.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE

ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES

Number of Prizes, Five Hundred

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on June 1, '68

AT

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

FIRST PRIZE.

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis, Mo.; Lot 57 feet front by 127 deep; has four stories, sixty five rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $9,500 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$250,000

SECOND PRIZE.

An elegant Three Story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Grounds finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Fine stables outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

THIRD PRIZE.

A handsome Three Story Brick Residence, No. 183 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Missouri, containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 23½ by 100½ feet deep.

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FOURTH PRIZE.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two Story Brick and Frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements. Lot 145 feet front on High street by 330 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

IX MORE PRIZES.

Consisting of Fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated: No. 726 South Eighth street, 730 south Eighth street, 1477 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 716 and 718 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 PRIZES

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 196 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant solid silver service, worth $1,000; Solid silver Goblets, Plated Tea and Coffee Ladles and Gent's and Ladies' Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 PRIZES

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various patterns, ranging in price from $60 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 PRIZES IN CASH.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 PRIZES OF FINE PIANOS

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $400 to $650 each. Samples can be seen at the No. one of the Company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $20 to $250,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Mo

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to-wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission

Ayil, Pollard & Renick, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis.
Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' Saving Association.
Edward S. Plummer, Memphis, Tennessee.
Solomon's Saving Institutio , St. Louis, Mo.
John H. Andrews, ex Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Lawville, Warner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Jules Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Erastus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, St. Louis.
Honorable William Taussig.
Charles F. Meyer.
A. Krieckhaus, President City Council.
Joseph Daggendorf, City Controller.
G. W. Dreyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of ten dollars in registered letters, and possible orders, or other drafts, payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 216 Walnut street, and of the following Agents: Alex. Kelsey, proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 111 North Fourth street; Planters' House Saloon; Boogher Brothers, Jewelers, 196 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; O. M. Caswell, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Torrey's Depot, opposite the Court House; Boogher Brothers, Jewelers, 196 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; O. M. Caswell, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut streets; Torrey's Depot, opposite the Court House; W. H. Tilford, Photographic Goods, 17 North Fourth street; R. D. Adams, Southern Hotel Saloon; J. H. Cook, News Stand, Southern Hotel; M. R. Syford, News Stand, St. Nicholas Hotel; G. R. Winkle, Bookstore, 410 Washington avenue. All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,

No. 416 Walnut Street.

Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF

E. S. PLUMMER,

mhl4 No. 212 Front street, Memphis, Tenn.

JOB PRINTING.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

—AND—

BOOK BINDERY

AVALANCHE BUILDING

22 Jefferson Street,

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WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND

AT LOW RATES

DISPATCH, NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS

BILLS LADING,

STEAMBOAT BILLS,

SHIPPING TAGS,

BILL HEADS,

LETTER HEADS,

DRAY RECEIPTS.

AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

22 JEFFERSON STREET.

Business Cards,

Show Cards,

Circulars,

Visiting Cards,

Wedding Cards,

Ball Tickets,

Bank Checks,

Drug Labels,

Receipts.

STEAMBOAT PRINTING

RAILROAD PRINTING

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AVALANCHE JOB OFFICE!

BLANK BOOKS OF EVERY KIND

MADE TO ORDER.

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DAY BOOKS,

CASH BOOKS,

LEDGERS,

RECORDS,

TAX BOOKS,

RECEIPT BOOKS

Books for Clerks of Courts,

County Court Blank Books,

Chancery Court Blank Books;

Criminal Court Blank Books

Circuit Court Blank Books,

Probate Court Blank Books.

AVALANCHE BOOK BINDERY.

RUFUS L. DALTON. BUN. F. PRICE

DALTON & PRICE,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS

AND

Book Binders,

No. 9 Jefferson Street, Under Commercial Hotel

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

EXECUTE every description of PLAIN and FANCY JOB PRINTING, such as

Bill Heads,

Bills Lading,

Account Sales,

Dray Receipts,

Dray Tickets,

Wedding Cards,

Visiting Cards,

Business Cards,

Play Cards,

Ball Tickets,

Blanks of all kinds,

Circulars,

Receipt Books,

Check Books,

Drafts,

and every description of

Railroad and Steamboat Printing.

BLANK BOOKS of every description made to order. Particular attention given to RULING of all kinds, such as

Music, Magazines,

Ladies' Books, Periodicals,

Standard Works, Etc., Etc.

No. 9 Jefferson Street. feb20

NATIONAL TELEGRAPH.

THE NATIONAL

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A NEW enterprise, to be known as the National Telegraph Company, has been organized with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress for the purpose of establishing Trunk Lines of Telegraphs on all the principal railroads and mail routes in the United States. The stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchants' Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The design is to interest the entire business community in the enterprise. This is done, not so much to dispose of the stock as it is to secure the business of the country which the lines pass.

THE CAPITAL IS TO BE

$10,000,000

In 100,000 shares of the par value of

$100 PER SHARE

But the actual amount to be paid in cash is

$35 PER SHARE

and this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. of the par at the time of subscribing, and no more until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then on calls to be made by the Board of Directors; installments not to exceed five per cent. per month. When thirty-five per cents of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up

CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000

Which will be sufficient to duplicate lines to all or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies throughout the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly and are now earning over SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of their lines and their present capital having been watered over ONE THOUSAND per cent.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have a recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a telegraph company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this company to construct and operate lines over every RAILROAD and MAIL ROUTE in the United States. The position of this Comp ny differs from that of any company ever before organized. The question of the RIGHT OF WAY IS FOREVER SETTLED.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or TRANSFERRED to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits any transfer of the franchise granted.

CALLS---HOW TO BE MADE

One per cent of the Stock will be required on subscribing, and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary, to supply funds to construct and equip the lines; but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid, until the entire Capital stock shall have been subscribed.

ACTUAL CAPITAL REQUIRED

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent of the Capital Stock will construct and fully equip

25,000 Miles of Wire

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the State of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President—GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.

Vice President—ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.

Secretary—GEORGE B. WALLER, of New York City.

COMPANY'S OFFICE,

Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway, New York

A limited amount of the capital stock of this Company is allotted to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and subscribing, will be placed upon equal terms with its corporators, and will secure like interests in all franchises which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue to the Company from any and all sources.

Stock may now be subscribed in this Company at the Office of THE MERCANTILE AGENCY, R. G. DUN & CO., Room No. 5, Commercial Bank Building, corner Main and Madison streets, Memphis, Tenn.

S. B. WRIGHT,

mh8 General Agent for Memphis and Vicinity.

PLUMBERS.

JOSEPH FLANNERY,

Practical Plumber,

Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter,

No. 53 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Keeps constantly on hand a well selected s

Iron and Brass Lift and Force Pumps

feb2

LUNN & MALLON,

PLUMBERS,

GAS AND

STEAM PIPE FITTERS,

204 Main Street,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

HAVE on hand a large stock of PUMPS, CHANDELIERS, LEAD AND IRON PIPES, BRASS WORK of every description for Gas, Steam and Water.

Jobbing promptly attended to. ja23

REAL ESTATE.

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2 Kil Williams' Block, corner of Second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and its surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levees, etc., also a Rental and Lease department of our business will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by prompt ness and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY,

J. B. PORTER

nov9

For Sale.

A COTTAGE HOUSE AND LOT AT RALEIGH SPRINGS. House consists five rooms, kitchen and store-house; wood-house, house for gardner, chicken house and all necessary outbuildings. Lot embraces one and one-half acres of ground, with fine vegetables and fruit growing. Property beautifully located and very desirable. For particulars inquire of

H. L. GOODLETT,

Citizens' Bank.

apr22

COTTON AND COMMISSION

D. A. CLARKE, Memphis, Tenn. J. R. DRURY, Late of Carimell & Drury, Memphis.

CLARKE & DRURY.

(Successors to Carimell & Drury.)

Commission Merchants

For the sale of

Pork, Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Bran, Oats, Hay, Corn, Whisky

And Western Produce Generally,

200 Front st., bet. Washington and Adams.

apl MEMPHIS, TENN.

W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 280 Front Street, Two Doors Above Old Stand.

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash.

mh28

THOS. T. KIRTLAND, Memphis, Tenn. HARRY HEDDEN, Alabama. W. J. POLLARD, Georgia.

KIRTLAND, POLLARD & CO.,

WESTERN PRODUCE

AND

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Also, Agents for the States of Mississippi and Tennessee for the RAMIE PLANT.

AGENTS WANTED

In every County and Town in the above States.

mh24

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. JOHN T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,

374 Front Street MEMPHIS

L. W. PRICE, Late of Eastport, Miss. A. S. TREADWELL, Memphis Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 15 Union Street, Lee Block.

Between Main and Front streets sec2 MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson, Madison county, Tennessee. DR. B. F. DICKINSON Late Surgeon C. S. A. J. WILLIAMS.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

Cotton Factors, General Commission AND PRODUCE MERCHANTS,

No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and WE GUARANTEE THERE SHALL BE NO UNNECESSARY LOSS IN WEIGHT, A THING WE HAVE HAD TO SUBMIT TO HERETOFORE. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers.

Usual commissions charged. All consignments to river interest, unless otherwise instructed. feb16

MINTER PARKER, J. W. WARD

PARKER, WARD & CO.,

(Successors to Pittman, Parker & Co.,)

Commission Merchants

Lee Block, No. 15 Union Street,

mh3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

C. W. STURDIVANT, F. G. LAWHORN, J. A. NEVILLE

C. W. STUBBIVANT & CO.,

GROCERY AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

No. 182 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

mh11

BARKER & CO.,

Auction and Commission

MERCHANTS,

Real Estate & Collecting Agents,

Aberdeen, Miss.

Consignments Solicited.

BARKER & CO.

jal9

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

The Official History of the War

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

ITS ready sale, combined with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever publis—

An Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscriber— se days. Another in Boston, 101 subscribers in four da— Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work.

Address, National Publishing Co., 304 Louis. Mo. apr2daw

UNITED STATES

INTERNAL REVENUE SALE

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH DISTRICT TENNESSEE, MEMPHIS, April 11, 1868.

ON the FIFTH DAY OF MAY, 1868, I will sell in front of the Internal Revenue Office, No. 19 Madison street, the following described property:

House and Lot 179 Second Street,

One Lot on North Side of Beale Street,

Fifty-five feet west of Lauderdale street, forty-five feet front and one hundred and fifty deep.

One Lot, one mile east of city of Memphis,

Beginning at northeast corner of lot 15, in subdivision C, in partition of estate of A. S. Clayton, at a stake in Pigeon Roost road, 16 links from a poplar marked C; south 39 degrees and 30 links to stake 2, west 154 links from a poplar marked H; north 56½ west 7 chains and 84 links to P. Koester's line; north 39 chains 30 links to Pigeon Roost road; south 67 east with said road 7 chains and 79 links to beginning—fourteen acres.

Also, one Lot on east side Thornton avenue,

Formerly owned by Phil. Garvin, and sold by him to John Gage; it stretches said avenue 162 feet 7 inches on the line between William Cobbs's line and said lot.

The above property seized as belonging to J. H. Wagoner to pay his taxes on mobility sales for the years of 1864, 1865 and 1866, and his income tax for the year 1865.

Said sale positive, unless taxes, penalties, interest and costs are paid before the hour of sale.

BOLES S. SAUNDERS, Collector 10th rnal Revenue, Eighth District Tennessee.

By JOHN M. STEW Deputy Collector. apr11

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!

BOHLEN

Advertisements in this column will be charged ten cents per line for each insertion.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a respectable white woman, a situation as COOK, or to do general House work. Best city reference given. Apply at 191 Linden street. apr26

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A two story FRAME RESIDENCE, with seven rooms, kitchen and servants' room; large back yard, good cistern, etc. situated No. 109 Market street. For rent low to a good tenant. Apply at No. 110 Market street, or at Citizens' Union Bank. april.

FOR RENT—A COTTAGE of five rooms, with kitchen, servants' room, stable and smoke house attached, No. 324 Union street. Apply to Colonel J. A. FORREST, apr21 6 Adams street.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

COUGH—NO CURE NO PAY—FORREST'S JUNIPER TAR is warranted to cure Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Throat and Lung diseases of the most positively refunded. Instantaneous relief produced. Try it. If not satisfied, return the empty bottles and get your money back. H. J. GOODYEAR, 316 second street, Agent. Price 25 cents. mhis

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY AND THE HAPPINESS of True Manhood; an essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the Physical Errors, Abuses and Diseases which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. febs daw

SUNDAY, : : : : APRIL 26, 1868

IF it were not for the devilitry of Radicalism, the United States would go into a state of somnambulism. We are yearning this morning for a theme about which to write. The incessant mental and physical labor demanded to re-produce every morning a sheet that perishes ere nightfall, can never be properly appreciated by those who view the circle of varied operations from without. It is symbolized in classical story by the stone of Sysiphus, and the wheel of Ixion, while we fear the fable of Tantalus might be superadded to illustrate the fortunes of many of our brethren of the quill in the United States, for too often the promised cup of enjoyment never comes near enough to be tasted. The picture has its reverse, however. With all its drawbacks, there is much that is cheering in an editor's life, and he is a poor philosopher, as well as editor, who cannot return every morning to his labors, with renewed energy and determination. It is hard to write, however, when an editor has nothing to write about; but imperative custom compells him to write every day, even if he has to write *something* about *nothing*. Besides, an editor must not only write when he has no theme, but he must write whether he feels like it or not. The glorious faculty of thought has to be exercised by him every day. Sometimes it comes unbidden—at others, it can't be ruled into activity. If the glorious instrument of thought and feeling is not in tune it is vain to call on it to make music. But what an unspeakable luxury it is for an editor to write when he has a theme, and when he can write himself—when nature is his interpreter, and the gathering thoughts muster strong enough to break the bounds, and his diction flows free as the limpid stream. Lord BYRON longed for a "hero," and found one in a rake. We long not for a hero, but for some new idea or subject, out of which to manufacture what is technically known as a leader. A very eloquent essay was once written on that apparently meaningless subject, "Nothing." The world was made out of nothing, and we fear our want, when supplied, will be found to be of the same material. How delightful it would be, if some inventive genius could follow up DAN MARBLE'S celebrated machine, which took in a whole sheep, wool and all, at one end, sent it out at the other in a few minutes, transformed into chops, all hot, roast mutton, and a full suit of woollen clothes. A machine to grind out leaders! How pleasant, how easy, and how economical! Touch this stop, and here you have the continent of Europe paragraphed. Touch this other, and MACAULAY shrinks into nothingness, beside this brilliant disquisition on the commercial effects of the opera ballet. The man who would invent such a piece of machinery would be enabled to retire immediately on a handsome competence, and live in glory, clover and the "rhuburbs of the city"—as Dame PARTINGTON has it—for the rest of his life. We would give a handsome sum for such a piece of machinery, as we are unable to find a subject. But it seems, in a land as beautiful as the sunny South, that an editor should have no difficulty in finding a theme. If the genial and pious philosophy of SHAKSPEARE'S exiled duke, wandering an outcast in the chill forest, could find sweetness in adversity, friendly counsellors in the icy fag and churlish chiding of the Winter's wind,

" ——— tongues in trees, books in brooks,
Sermous in stones, good in everything,"

surely an editor may find a theme when he looks around and sees so much to inspire his pen. Where is the sun with all his gorgeous blazonry—the moon and the stars that blossom in the sky—the green earth, covered with flowers—the trees laden with rich blossoms—the blue sky, the bright waters? No theme? Where is the mighty ocean, when the storm is upon it—the huge mountain, and the thunder and the lightnings? No theme! Where is BARBOUR LEWIS? Why, an editor can write as much about him as VIRGIL A. STEWART wrote about JOHN A. MURRELL, and it would then require an additional volume to portray his rascality. No theme! Why, the idea is contemptible. When the contemptuous HUNTER is running from the Ku-Klux, like a stray dog, refusing to hold court, while drawing his pay; keeping innocent men in jail at the expense of the county, in order to propitiate party purposes. No theme! Where is the delectable GRIFFIN, the carpet-bag scalawag, who hath not the first bowel of compassion; the amiable, the kind-hearted, magnanimous Christian gentleman, who would send prisoners without a crime to jail, as the butcher rushes his lambs to the slaughter pen. It is true any subject he might inspire would be a low theme, for he is so mean the devil wouldn't have him, and so low and groveling that the highest position wouldn't purchase him respect. No them! Where is WICKERSNAPPER, sometimes called WICKERSHAM?—and truly he is a *sham* in decency, honesty and integrity. He looks like a hound, possesses all the instincts of the ass, and can bark or bray as the occasion requires. WICKERSNAPPER'S face ought to be in the rogue's gallery, his soul with the devil, and his black heart rotting in its own corruption. If this infamous scoundrel could prevent it he would not permit himself to be buried for fear his loathsome carcass would enrich Southern soil. But the remains of WICKERSNAPPER will never be disturbed. The worms would sicken and die in a substance so foul—and the hyena, fond as it is of dead bodies, would revolt at meat so putrid. A flower would wither and droop over his grave as soon as if cast into a fiery furnace. A peculiar fungi, mushroom or toad stool might spring up, over his lonely and detested grave, but, like the upas tree, they would distill disease, poison and death. But we begin to pity poor WICKERSNAPPER. While trying to rob the Southern people of their liberties, he has been endeavoring to steal his uncle's property. But he has been removed as Administrator, and, we are rejoiced to say, gets none of the property of the noble man whose name he disgraces, and consequently is poor, and his carpet-bag as empty as any other scalawag now battening upon the liberties of the tax-paying people. How fickle is fortune! How uncertain are all earthly expectations! The mutability of human grandeur should call forth all of WICKERSNAPPER'S philosophy. Hopeful boy! modest youth! put on another coat of brass; pay up that fifteen hundred dollars; recognize the white man as the equal of the negro, and you will yet be able to stuff your dilapidated carpet-bag with all sorts of haberdashery. No theme! Why, there is a prolific theme in the noble Federal soldier who fought and conquered the South, but who now proposes to forget the past, and to give our people equality and justice. There is a theme in the conduct of the tax-title thieves who have robbed our people of their hard earnings. There is a theme in the plundering vagabonds who fill nearly all the offices in this county, and we intend for the future to take for our theme—

"A plundering race, still eager to invade;
On *spoil* they live, and make of theft a trade."

ON ACCOUNT of the inclemency of the weather, the commemoration services in memory of the Confederate dead, proposed yesterday, were deferred until to-morrow. Thousands of noble women and brave men were ready for the sad occasion; but, as misfortune and disappointment befell the cause so dear to the living and the dead, so rain and dark clouds obscured the sun yesterday, seeming as if heaven frowned upon our warriors, even in their graves—and consequently the proposed ceremonies were deferred until to-morrow, commencing precisely at ten o'clock, when the living will hold communion with the dead. The AVALANCHE is called bitter and proscriptive. We may be earnest, ardent and intense in any cause we espouse. But we trust we are at the same time just. An honest foe is generally the first to recognise magnanimity in an enemy, and it affords us pleasure to find the following article in the *Bulletin* yesterday morning:

To-day has been set apart by our Confederate friends for the observance of their peculiar respect for *their* DEAD. To-day mothers, wives and sisters, who have those who were most dear to them sleeping in Elmwood Cemetary, will go there to put flowers upon there last resting places, and thus testify their undying affection for the brave victims of the late unhappy civil war. We may, possibly, surprise some of our Republican brethren, by saying that we wish these kind hearted women a bright and beautiful day for their affectionate solemnity. We are sick at heart with all this bitterness, and long sincerely for the return of that social and private reunion, of mutual respect, toleration and good will of neighbor towards neighbor, without which no permanent and *political* reunion is possible. We most cordially endorse the following manly and magnanimous sentiments of the Springfield (Massachusetts) *Republican*:

"THE BRAVE DEAD.

"We utterly fail to sympathize with the sentiments of those who would forbid the rebel dead to be buried side by side with our own. When a conflict is ended it cancels all our petty claims. When a man gives up life bravely in the front of battle, no matter in how bad a cause, if not admiration, at least forgiveness and pity are the natural tribute of all generous hearts. These remarks are suggested, or rather compelled, by observing that Rush C. HAWKINS, colonel of one of those regiments which made the name of Zouave detestable during the war, took command, this week, of the Union League rooms at New York. Thursday evening, to attack a member of the Club who had expressed himself in favor of a common burial of the Union and the rebel dead. Such a man misrepresents, in very sense, the feeling of the grand army.

"No Northern father, lamenting his son, need feel wronged to know that a dishonored grave is the fate of his boy, if, and if the two soldiers, bravery as they contended in life, should become conscious of that neighborhood, we have no fear that their long rest would be disturbed. Rather would they clasp their warring hands, put face to face, and sleep like brothers reconciled. Blame upon us, if we manage bitterness. These brave men fought honestly and earnestly in a bad cause, enduring, in many cases, privations of which our own troops knew but little. They marched barefoot, when our boys were well shod. They went hungry when our own were full fed. They disputed every inch of ground with desperate valor, and yielded only to destiny at last. They proved themselves in life foemen worthy of our steel, and in death soldiers whose dust may well rest in peace by the side of our bravest and dearest.

"Their differences with us were all settled when they fell together with ours on the field of battle. 'All that is left of them now' is only human. Vengeance need not follow them into the grave. Pity may weep over them. Patriotism may cover their failings, remembering that they were children of one mother, and that their valor, during our war, the same heroic stock. Beauty may strew flowers upon the green mounds that hide such courage and high resolve."

These are the sentiments of a man with an immortal *soul* in him. Our Confederate friends today are not seeking to share in the splendid cemeteries prepared by the gratitude of the nation for the brave soldiers who successfully upheld the unity of the Government. They only undertake to beautify the last homes of their loved ones with the bright floral gifts of kindly nature. Embittered indeed, and mantle as insatiate revenge, must be the heart of him who would deny them this, or not, on the contrary, feel a thrill of sympathy with them in these pious services. Not so felt and acted the war-worn veterans who assisted in overwhelming the rebels the first year after the surrender at Atlanta, Georgia, where, we believe, the decoration with flowers of the graves of the Confederate dead was first inaugurated. The soldiers of the garrison there, touched by the devotion of the Southern ladies, not only did not look scowlingly upon them, but, softened with the remembrance of their own dead comrades, they, too, gathered flowers and strewed them, in their own rough but kindly way, upon the graves of the Union dead, and so was seen the real restoration of the Union through that "touch of nature which makes us all of kin."

The solemnity of the ceremonies at Elmwood to-day should lift them high above the domain of politics and partizan strife, that the offerings in name and reality may be true heart tributes to the memory of those who were loved and lost.

We, too, exclaim that the comments of the Springfield *Republican* and those of the *Bulletin* "are the sentiments" of men "with an immortal soul in them." It is a time-honored, a hallowed and beautiful custom among all nations, to honor the memory of the virtuous and to perpetuate the remembrance of the noble dead; not always of the cause in which they fell, but the heroism they displayed in defense of the principles which they believed to be right, and for which they gave their lives. The South must be her own historian. She must gather up the jewels that have been surged up by the heaving waters of the late revolution, and transmit, in all their fullness, their heroic achievements to coming ages. The dead soldier of the rebel army is not here to rescue his name from aspersion; but so long as we can raise an arm or wield a pen, we will defend his memory. In the eloquent language of Gov. WISE, "we feel bound, at every hazard, to declare that those men were no rebels, and no traitors. Let whoever will swear that they were rebels and traitors, I will contradict the oath, and appeal to GOD on the Holy of Hollies, as high as Heaven's throne, and swear that they were pure patriots, loyal citizens, well tried and true soldiers, brave, honest, devoted men, who proved their faith in their principles by the deaths which canonized them immortal heroes and martyrs! No one shall inscribe the epitaphs of rebellion and treason upon the tombs of our dead without my burning protest being uttered against the foul and false profanation. And if any wounds of the living are labelled with rebellion and infamy I would tear away the infamy, though the wounds should bleed unto death. If I suffer their names to be dishonored, and their glory to be tarnished, and don't gainsay the reproach, may my tongue cleave to the roof of my mouth; and if I suffer their orphans to be outcasts for the want of sympathy, warmly outspoken and more warmly felt, may my right hand forget its cunning."

The South has suffered enough without adding the loss of honor. Our living heroes and dead soldiers were not a race of traitors. We appeal to the generosity of a powerful people, who trampled down our legions, not to require of us the humiliating confession that our noble martyrs were traitors. We cannot place such a brand of infamy upon their loved names. We can change our constitutions, we can declare slavery abolished, we can annul the ordinance of secession, we can submit to military rule without a murmur, we can see the negro enfranchised, and the tax-paying white man disfranchised—we can do all these things; but the damning admission that our dead heroes were traitors can never be exacted. The heroic deeds of the noble men of the South will be renowned in history, long after all who are engaged in the recent struggle shall have passed from the scene of action. Our people are justly proud of their heroes, and will cherish their memory, and hold up their deeds of patriotism and valor to all future generations as examples for imitation and stimulants to action in the hour of need. The only reward of the soldier, when he dies, is the inheritance of virtue and valor which he transmits to his children and friends; and the consciousness that he will not be forgotten, but will live in the hearts of those who survive him, and for whom he poured out his heart's blood, nerves his arm and makes him a hero. The men who have fallen in the late contest will live in the hearts of our people while the Father of Waters shall continue to pour his turbid stream into the ocean. In this connection we publish the following beautiful article, from a prominent young lady of this city, renowned for her talent and admired for her many womanly accomplishments:

Our Confederate Dead.

An American writer, one whose sketches are familiar as household words, in language touchingly beautiful, has said: "The sorrow for the dead is the only sorrow from which we refuse to be divorced; every other wound we seek to heal—every other affection to forget—but this wound, we consider it a duty to keep open; this affliction we cherish and brood over in solitude."

Not even at the present hour, when every recollection of the past brings with it a pang of keenest anguish, when every thought associated with the memory of the Confederate dead is accompanied with the terrible realization of the past, that the tyrant's shackles fetter the land whose battlefields were crimsoned with the life-blood of the noble sons who died to save it—no, not even now, in this our hour of deepest anguish and bitterest trial, can we forget that throughout the length and breadth of our beautiful land are soldiers' graves in many lovely spots, beneath grassy mounds, their requiem chanted by whispering breezes and sighing winds. Many more rest their weary heads upon the bosom of mother earth, beneath peaceful shades, within the quiet resting places of the dead. The gentle spirits of the heroic dead are at rest, forgetful of the past and its four long, bloody years of toil and strife, in which their names and heroic deeds were inscribed upon the proud record of their country's glory; unconscious of the present, and its dark, lowering clouds of care and gloom, unilluminated by a single gleam of silvery light; unmindful of that dim future which these misty veil. The future history of our country is hidden from mortal eye. How calm their sleep; how peaceful their slumber, unbroken by a dream of care, or a thought of sorrow; undisturbed even by the silent tread of the lonely mourner, weeping tears of bitter grief upon the grassy mounds beneath which the loved ones repose. The day and hour are gone in which the mothers of the South were permitted the last comforts of ministering to their dying wants, of soothing their fevered brows, applying the cooling draught to parched and burning lips, and when all was over, and had fled the spirit of the soldier boy, with the pride and pride and only hope of a lonely mother's widowed heart, of closing the eyes in death, and consigning the inanimate form to the narrow limits of the grave. We can no longer testify our appreciation of their heroic deeds by these ministrations of love and tenderness, but we can "bring flowers, pale flowers" to strew upon their graves, mute but expressive emblems of a love and gratitude that "survives the tomb," and shall live in the inmost sanctuary of our hearts while memory lasts and life remains.

L.

APRIL 25, 1868.

IN OUR local columns will be seen a communication from "Citizen," which we commend to the attention of all voters and "taxpayers." It is well to consider whether we can best meet the due demands on the city at present, or run on a cash basis and pay the principal thirty years hence. The city needs present relief. Her credit is gone at home and aboad, and it must be redeemed, even if a sacrifice in future were required; which, however, is not the case, as will be seen by the figures of "Citizen." We are sorely pressed by anomalous difficulties and misfortunes, which, it is reasonable to suppose, will not beset the next generation, thirty years hence. To place the city on a cash basis, it is necessary to retire the city scrip, and then tax-payers will be compelled to pay cash into the treasury. The entire amount of city scrip afloat is not more than $225,000. We would, therefore, urge every one possessing the elective franchise to vote next Thursday, the 30th instant, for "Bonds," as being the speediest and most economical method of relieving the city of an onerous burden, and hastening a new era of financial and physical prosperity.

A young Indian maid, visiting a flouring mill in Winona, Minnesota, surreptitiously got hold of the stencils and decorated her white blanket with "Ellsworth's choice" in bright, red letters, after which she strutted down street, to the eventual horror of the bachelor Ellsworth who owns the mill.

TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, April 25.

It has been raining here all day.

Arrived—Steamer Gem, from Tennessee river.

Departed—Steamer Commercial, for New Orleans.

Bishop Hawks was buried here yesterday.

Senator Yates has written a letter, addressed to the people of Illinois, acknowledging the substantial truth of the criticism passed upon him by the press of that State, but claiming that these statements are exaggerated. He apologizes for his bad conduct, without reserve or defense, but declines, positively, to resign. He promises to reform at once, and do his duty hereafter, free from the besetting sin which has so dragged him down.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.

Further returns from country parishes received to-day do not affect materially the result already given.

The Supreme Court has decided that the Grand Jury drawn under General Hancock's order, and composed entirely of white men, is illegal, and orders the discharge of the jury.

A decision rendered in the case of the negro convicted of murder was appealed from the District Courts; decision of Court reversed and indictment quashed.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, April 25.

The trial of the Clerkenwell prisoners was resumed to-day. Four witnesses swore that the prisoner Barrett was in Glasgow on the 13th of December, the day on which the explosion occurred, and though subjected to a most rigid cross examination, their testimony was completely unshaken.

Prince Alfred was shot in the back by a Fenian named Farrell. The Prince subsequently sailed for England.

WILMINGTON.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 25.

The result of the election is still doubtful. Returns from the extreme western counties will decide the result. The Legislature will be about equally divided.

CANADA.

OTTAWA, C. W., April 25.

Two detectives have sworn to having heard a conversation between Whalen and Doyle in jail, wherein Whalen admitted having shot McGee.

The House of Commons has passed a bill for the support of McGee's family.

Fortieth Congress—First Session

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 25.

The Chief Justice stated that the first business in order was the order offered by Mr. Edmonds yesterday, to admit official reporters to report the proceedings on the final consideration.

Mr. Edmonds, at the suggestion of several Senators, moved to postpone it until Monday.

Mr. Drake moved that it be indefinitely postponed, which was rejected by 29 to 27, and the motion to postpone until Monday was agreed to.

Mr. Sumner offered two additional rules, which went over.

Mr. Grossbeck then addressed the Senate on the part of the President, and, after introductory remarks, he proceeded to consider the question, whether or not the Senate is now sitting as a Court, and said he would not discuss it in the light of English precedents, but with reference to our own Constitution, which countenanced neither the bill of attainder nor irresponsible tribunals to be laws unto themselves. He then called attention to the fact that the provisions of the Constitution as first drafted contemplated impeachment for malpractice and neglect of duty in office, but those since adopted permit it only for treason, bribery and other high crimes and misdemeanors, and then challenged the proof to show that during any of the trials which form our precedents, the idea that the Senate was not a court had ever been advanced. He read from the records of each of them, and called attention to the language in which the Senate on all those occasions styled itself the Court. He also quoted Storey and other authorities to show the judicial character of the Senate and the qualifications they must bring to the discharge of their obligations. On reference to their jurisdiction, he held that the only question for them to decide was that of crime or no crime; and further, that no action could be so considered in connection with which evil intention was not a part. He illustrated this proposition by considering a homicide committed by a madman, and said the supposition that the President should violate the law after losing his reason, and also by reference to the acts of Mr. Lincoln in constituting military tribunals in loyal States, which conduct, though pronounced destitute of warrant by the Supreme Court, had been upheld by Congress on the ground that the motive was good. Having thus, as he claimed, shown the falsity of the doctrine advanced by the Managers on that subject, he said he should next consider the question whether the President had the right to remove Mr. Stanton and grant a letter of authority to General Thomas, for on these two issues hung the fate of eight articles. As to the first point, he held that the civil tenure law did not apply to Stanton, because he was not appointed by Mr. Johnson, but even if Mr. Johnson did not, his term of office expired one month after the expiration of his first term, and if Mr. Lincoln were now living, Stanton could be removed by him, and equally so by his successor, who was serving out the remainder of his term. In support of his proposition that the President had the power to remove Stanton, under the law of 1789, Mr. Groesbeck quoted the letter of Mr. Adams to Mr. Pickering, announcing to him, not that he was to be removed, but that he was actually removed, and a successor appointed. He said his feeble health to-day obliged him to pass by with a mere reference to the utterance of Senators at the time of the passage of the Tenure of Office bill, and the fact that it did not profess to repeal the act of 1789, and went on to argue that, as all admitted that there was room for doubting the construction of law, and the President had relied himself of the counsel of those specifically designated by the Constitution to give it to him, therefore he must be held guiltless of crime in construing it as he did. In regard to the constitutionality of the last law, he adverted to the fact that those who had framed it he could not address with much hope of changing their opinion, but he would make the inquiry whether, assuming its constitutionality, the President's action could be deemed criminal. Alluding to a portion of Mr. Boutwell's speech, he denied that the President was merely the servant of Congress to execute their laws, his oath of office, he said, required him to maintain first the Constitution. He further combatted the position assumed by that honorable Manager, that the President is required to execute all laws, even if they are pronounced unconstitutional by the Supreme Court, claiming that in such cases he was bound by his higher obligations; and after reciting well known principles of interpretation, one of which was that long settled precedent had determined the construction of law, he claimed that the meaning of the act of 1789 was so determined and fixed by general usage and judicial decisions that the President had the right to challenge the constitutionality of a law in conflict with, and yet repealing the old law, which had been framed and so long construed as being embodied in the principles of the Constitution regarding the power of removal.

At this point the Senate took a recess, and on reassembling Mr. Groesbeck resumed his argument, maintaining that the debates in Congress in 1789 proved the correctness of the President's construction of the laws then passed. He then cited the acts of 1789 in relation to the Postoffice Department, and those of 1825 and 1849, creating the Navy, Postoffice and Interior Departments, all assuming or affirming the right of removal by the President, as set forth in the act of 1789; and said that against all this preponderance of construction and precedent there was opposed only the act of 1867; and he claimed that there was truly ground for doubt and hesitation, on the part of the President, sufficient to induce him to resist it, with a view of having the matter determined by the Supreme Court. He asked if the President was to be convicted because he acted on the interpretation sanctioned by his constitutional advisers, by the Thirty-eighth Congress, by the Supreme Court, and the uniform practice of the Government. Describing the relations between the President and Stanton, Mr. Groesbeck insisted that it was shown by the testimony of General Sherman and others that the President acted in the public interest in removing him. He also claimed that the President had prepared a *quo warranto*, and gladly availed himself of the proceedings brought against General Thomas in order to anticipate the slow proceedings he must otherwise have adopted to secure a decision of the Court. He further ridiculed the idea that the President's intention was evil and dangerous, since he had applied to Generals Grant, Sherman and Thomas, men whom the country delighted to honor, to accept the place which it is now alleged he sought to fill with a tool, to be used for base purposes. Mr. Groesbeck also considered that the President's acquiescence in the Tenure-of-Office law, as long as possible, was strong in his favor. Recapitulating his argument up to this point, Mr. Groesbeck proceeded to consider the question whether the President had the right to make the appointment *ad interim*, and claimed that he had no such right under the act of 1795; and to show that the provisions of that act were not affected by the law of 1863, he made the same argument advanced by Mr. Curtis, and went on to instance various precedents of similar appointments made while the Senate was in session, dwelling at length on the case of Holt, appointed by Buchanan to succeed Floyd, which, he said, required particular notice, because the Senate had made particular inquiry into it, and called upon the President for an explanation, which he gave, to their entire satisfaction, justifying himself under the precise law to which Mr. Johnson refers in this defense.

Passing over the ninth article with very brief comments, Mr. Groesbeck read the sedition law, and said that while it closely resembled the tenth article, it was much less objectionable and offensive, for that punished the publication of something cooly written, while this made criminal words hastily spoken under trying provocations.

He then read a burlesque law, framed to carry out his understanding of that article, which created great merriment.

With regard to the 11th article, he said he would only note the fact that the action of the President in sending a telegram to Parsons (Governor of Alabama) which had formed the subject of a three hours' speech, to take place months before the reconstruction act, which it was supposed to obstruct.

In conclusion he summed up his argument, and expressed confidence in the final result, and characterized the precedents of the conventions referred to by others, as "beacon lights of warning" rather than examples for guidance, and pronounced a glowing eulogy upon the life, character and services of the President.

The Court and Senate then, at 4:40, adjourned.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Rev. D. J. ALLEN are respectfully invited to attend his federal, from the Central Methodist Church, on Union street, Sunday, April 26, at three o'clock p.m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VARIETIES THEATRE,

Corner of Main and Washington Streets.

O. H. H. BROOM ..... Proprietor

ONLY PLACE OF AMUSEMENT OPEN IN THE CITY

A MONSTER BILL TO-NIGHT.

Consisting of Ballads, Duets, Comic Vocalism, Fancy Dances, Ethiopian Sketches, Farces, Pantomimes, etc., in all forming A RICH, RARE AND RACY ENTERTAINMENT.

Admission Fifty Cents. Private Boxes Five Dollars. Doors open at half-past six, performance to commence at half-past seven o'clock. apr4

AUCTION.

Constable's Sale of Milch Cows.

I WILL sell, at public vendue, three fine Milch Cows and Calf at C. MOLLISTON'S STABLE, on Union street, near Second, on MONDAY, April 27, at ten o'clock, A.M.

J. F. GOODMAN,
apr25 Special Constable of Shelby County.

AUCTION SALE.

WE will sell on WEDNESDAY MORNING, the 29th instant, at ten o'clock, the well known SALOON and RESTAURANT,

Golden Age, No. 48 Jefferson Street,

Containing everything in a first class Saloon and Restaurant, in part as follows: Splendid Gilt Mirrors, Counter, Bar Fixtures, Liquors, Gas Fixtures, Extension Dining Tables, Stoves, Table ware, Chairs, Ice Chests, etc., etc.

☞ Sale Without Reserve. A. S. LEVY & CO.,
apr25 Auctioneers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

BOUGHT AT THE SALE

—OF A—

BANKRUPT IMPORTER

GREAT BARGAINS

—AT—

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED a large stock, bought at a BANKRUPT IMPORTER'S SALE, We offer

Great Bargains During This Week

IN ALL KINDS

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

TRIMMINGS,

LINENS, DAMASK,

TOWELS,

HANDKERCHIEFS & HOSIERY

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

ELEGANT LACE POINTS

AND AN IMMENSE QUANTITY OF

EMBROIDERIES

WHICH WE OFFER AT

LESS THAN GOLD PRICES!

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW STYLE PRINTS

WHOLESALE BUYERS

Should give us a call before making purchases, as we have a large stock of

PRINTS, DOMESTICS, DRILLS, STRIPES, COTTONADES and LINEN DRILLS,

Which we offer as Low as such can be IMPORTED AT FROM NEW YORK.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS

Corner Jefferson and Main Streets.

apr26

COMPETITION!

MENKEN BROTHERS

OFFER THIS WEEK

A Large Stock of Assorted Goods

AT PRICES WHICH

DEFY COMPETITION!

Beautiful Grenadine Barege, 25 cents a yard.

Summer Mozambiques, 25 cents a yard.

French Figured Lawns, 90 cents a yard.

Checked Ginghams, 12 1-2 cents a yard.

Pure Linen Sheeting, 10-4 wide, 85 cents a yard.

Irish Linen, 40 cents a yard.

—ALSO—

1,000 pieces Fast Color Prints, 12 1-2 cents a yard.

1,000 pieces 4-4 Bleached Domestic, 15 cents a yard.

100 Marseilles Bed Quilts, $2 a pair.

—ALSO—

1,000 Pure Linen Towels, 15c. each.

JUST RECEIVED,

A New Lot of Elegant Lace Points,

SUN SHADES AND PARASOLS.

apr26

LAKE'S HIPPO-OLYMPIAD

AND

MAMMOTH CIRCUS

WILL PERFORM AT

MEMPHIS FOR THREE DAYS ONLY

COMMENCING

Thursday, April 30, at 7 o'clock p.m.

☞ On and after Friday, two performances daily, at two and seven o'clock. apr28

Lecture on Spiritualism.

THERE will be a Lecture delivered by Rev. P. P. O'REILLY, of St. Louis,

On Sunday Evening, April 26, 1868,

AT HALF-PAST 7 O'CLOCK,

At St. Patrick's Church, Corner Linden & DeSoto Sts.

Subject—SPIRITUALISM.

Admission Fifty Cents. apr24

2,500 Sacks Corn and 500 Sacks Oats

FOR sale Low to the Trade.

DENIS & CO.,
apr26 41 South Side Court Square.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOND ELECTION!

Judges, Clerks, Etc.

THE following will be the places for Voting and the Judges and Clerks at the Election on THURSDAY, the 30th instant, for the issue of TEN YEAR BONDS for the purpose of funding the past due debt of the city:

FIRST WARD ENGINE HOUSE—Judges, John Newsom, A. Rankert and C. Dove; Clerks, W. Newsom and T. C. Schaffer; sheriff, Joan W. Taylor.

THIRD WARD ENGINE HOUSE.—Judges, John Pyre, R. B. Myers and F. J. Atwell; Clerks, John C. Bridges and J. A. Nowlin; sheriff, E. G. Marshall.

FIFTH WARD ENGINE HOUSE.—Judges, A. T. Shaw, C. B. Church and James Banks; Clerks, C. W. Newsom and Sidney Sumner; sheriff, R. G. Tucker.

SEVENTH WARD ENGINE HOUSE.—Judges, T. C. Jones, J. D. Wimberly and W. R. Duncan; Clerks, D. W. Richards and K. E. Hoy; sheriff, James Swab.

Polls will be opened at ten o'clock a.m. and closed at five p.m. Judges will see that the existing franchise laws of the State are complied with.

The Judges and Clerks will be qualified at the Polls, in each precinct, at half-past nine o'clock.

By order of E. McDAVITT,
Mayor pro tem.

C. T. SM TH, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Approved—J. J. REARS, Commissioner of Registration for Shelby county, Tennessee. apr28

Cash Store.

Harrison Flour,
Stonewall Flour,
XXX Family Flour,
Corn Meal,
Geo. F. Davis & Co.'s Canvassed Hams,
Geo. F. Davis & Co.'s Breakfast Bacon, (Small and nice.)

FINNIE & BUCKHAM,
Main Street, between Madison and Monroe.

Sugars—Cut, Crushed, Powdered, Coffee and Extra C.

Coffee—Rio, Java, Laguyra, Ceylon & African.

Syrup—Very fine, by the gallon and in five gallon kegs.

Soaps—Put up in half boxes for family use.

Starch—In quarter boxes; nice size for a family.

All delivered free of drayage, guaranteed good, and as cheap as any house in the city. Call and price before buying elsewhere. FOR CASH ONLY.

FINNIE & BUCKHAM,
apr26 308 Main street.

M. PERDUE,

Modes de Paris, 273 1-2 Main Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

KEEPS an exquisite assortment of

Real Laces, Embroideries, Corsets, White Goods, Dress Trimmings, etc.

—ALSO—

French Flowers, Ribbons, Frosted Crepes and Tulles, Colored Blondes, Straw Goods,

In endless variety, including the new MANDARIN and EMERALD SUNBOWNS.

The SHOW ROOM is daily replenished with the most

NOVEL STYLES OF BONNETS & HATS

To be found in the city. apr26

HUMAN HAIR GOODS

AND

LADIES' HAIR DRESSING.

I HAVE brought from Paris a large and well selected stock of HUMAN HAIR GOODS, the finest ever brought to any market. I ask the Ladies to call and see for themselves the artistic styles and elegance of the human hair.

At 269 1-2 Main Street, Up-stairs, Opp. Court Square

N. B.—WIGS, CHIGNONS, etc. HAIR CUTTING in any style done by the Professor, T. LAVIGNE. apr26

The Beautiful Ice Cream Saloon

At JOS. SPECHT'S, 37 Madison St.,

IS OPEN.

THE Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited. ICE CREAM, CAKES, CANDIES, NUTS, etc., SODA WATER, with pure fresh syrup. All of the freshest and best qualities. apr26 JOS. SPECHT.

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 313 Second street, between South Court and Madison, opposite the old Inn Block.

Cotton Yarns! Cotton Yarns!

A FULL SUPPLY always on hand at

WM. R. MOORE & CO'S,
No. 199 Main street.

To whom it may Concern.

I WILL, on the first Monday of the May term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, apply for letters of administration on the estate of James Sullivan, deceased.

MICHAEL MCFADDEN.
apr17

E. H. FLYNN, RETAIL GROCER,

No. 50 Beale Street.

HAS for sale FRESH COUNTRY BUTTER, SLICED HAM and CHIP BEEF, of the best quality. apr24

Notice.

I WILL, at the next term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Patrick Mathews, deceased.

DANIEL BREEN.

T. A. RYAN, Attorney for Rend. apr24

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOTHING!

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.

261 MAIN STREET,

OLD STAND MACK BROTHERS & BOHM.)

ARE IN RECEIPT OF

New & Desirable Styles

OF

SPRING CLOTHING

WHICH ARE OFFERED

AT MODERATE PRICES

WE INVITE ESPECIAL ATTENTION

TO OUR STOCK OF

FURNISHING GOODS!

SHOULDER, SEAM, DIAMOND, AND F. V. S. SHIRTS.

UNDERWEAR

of all Seasonable Fabrics.

ENGLISH HOSIERY,

In a Great Variety.

TRUNKS, VALISES, PORTMANTEUS,

New and Desirable Styles.

ROBESON, SNEED & CO.,

No. 261 Main Street,

(Old Stand Mack Brothers & Bohm)

apr24

ANDERSON & GAY,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

338 Front Street, Corner Union,

HAVE on Consignment: 2,000 bales Hay, 1,000 sacks Oats, 1,000 barrels Rose Lime, 50 kegs Pigs Feet, 500 sacks Corn, apr26 Sole Agents for Crescent City Roofing Paper. mh28

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a deed in trust executed by William B. Cotton on the 16th day of May, 1866, and recorded in Book No. 67, part first, pages 148, 149 and 150, in the Register's office of Shelby county and State of Tennessee, I will,

On the 27th day of April, 1868,

At 11 a.m., proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the rale-rooms of Royster, Trezevant & Co., 278 Second street, in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, the following described real estate, to-wit: Being a ten acre lot in the Fifth Civil District, on McConnell's avenue, having a front of three hundred and sixty-five feet (365 feet), and a depth of eighteen chains and six links (18 chains 6 links.) The said lot to be sold to pay certain notes described in said trust deed. Equity of redemption waived. C. G. FIELD, Trustee.

JOHN F. TREZEVANT, Auctioneer. apr8

Valuable City Property for Sale

FOR CITY SCRIP.

TITLE good and lot valuable. Thirty-five feet by two hundred. Address

apr6 A. S., AVALANCHE OFFICE

Jaconets, Swisses, Etc.,

TOGETHER with full lines NOTIONS, DRESS GOODS I now offering by WM. R. MOORE & CO.,
apr19 No. 199 Main street.

Paper Hangings.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT just received on consignment, with instructions to close out, at WM. R. MOORE & CO'S,
No. 199 Main street.

CHEAP SADDLERY HOUSE

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Whips, Collars, Leather and Saddlery Hardware.

C. N. CASE, JR., & CO.,

No. 177 Main Street, Sign of the Golden Stirrup

WEBSTER BLOCK. apr26

Chamber of Commerce.

APRIL 25, 1

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

SUNDAY, : : : : APRIL 26, 1868

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

OF THE CITY AND BOARD OF SCHOOL VISITORS.

Officers and conductors of railroads are requested to give no free transportation to any one on the credit of the Avalanche.

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden Street Christian church to-day, at eleven a.m. and at half past seven p.m.

Rev. L. C. Rausom will preach at the First Cumberland Presbyterian church, Court street, at half past ten a.m. and eight p.m. Sunday school at half past eight a.m.

Services at the First Presbyterian church, corner of Third and Poplar streets, at eleven a.m. and at seven p.m.

Dr. Besler, of South Carolina, will preach at the First Baptist church at eleven a.m. and half past seven p.m. Sabbath school at nine a.m.

THE RACES.

Two Races Over the Course To-morrow.

The spring meeting will be inaugurated to-morrow. Every preparation has been made to ensure a fine week's sport. The track is in fine condition, and the stables are filled with splendid horses. There will be two races to-morrow; but not having been furnished corrected lists of the horses entered, we are unable to say what horses will start. The first is mile heats for Shelby county horses; the second, mile heats, best three in five.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Nigger Ham Carter has opened a Magistrate's shop.

Cow stealing has been reduced to a fine art in this vicinity.

The sum of $700 was stolen from Nancy Freebold a night or two since.

The alarm of fire at ten o'clock last night was false.

The measles have made their appearance in sufficiently large numbers to go around.

Buffalo gnats are proving quite injurious to stock. Colonel A. J. Kellar lost a valuable horse Friday night.

The stockholders of the Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville railroad have resolved to put that corporation in bankruptcy.

Several articles of clothing were stolen from Colonel M. J. Wicks' residence, on Poplar street, Friday night.

The May ball to be given at Forest Hill on the evening of the 1st proximo, will be an elegant and select affair, and we learn will be well attended.

Colonel C. W. S. Brown, General Agent of the Little Miami Railroad, arrived a day or two since from Louisville, and left last night for White river.

Friday night Captain Ferry, of the Second District Police, arrested a couple of negroes who were robbing Bruder's boot and shoe store on Main street.

James Bars appeared before Esquire Dailey yesterday to answer the charge of murdering Allen Bolen (colored) near Cuba, Tennessee, last winter, and gave $6,000 bail for his appearance at the May term of the Criminal Court.

Mosquitoes have commenced favoring citizens with free concerts, causing violent exercise of the slapatory organs. It is understood that if Colonel Beaumont attempts to stop them they will imitate the example of the other insect that plays the hand organ, and get an injunction.

The examination of Henry Buttenburg, charged with shooting Mr. Hundhausen, was transferred yesterday afternoon from Esquire Kiernan's to Esquire Griffith's office. Little was done, and Buttenburg was permitted to return home and remain under guard until Monday, when, if he is well enough, the examination will be resumed. He is suffering considerably from his injuries.

The first "mill" of the season occurred in the County Court Clerk's office yesterday afternoon, the parties to which were an *attaché* of the morning Radical newspaper concern and an ex-journalist, whom that journal had charged with writing a letter signed "Mexo." The ex-journalist planted a sockdolager on the journalist's cretation trap, which the other requited with a snollygoster on his antagonist's bread-basket. Then the so-called "Mexo" handed the newspaperman a few on his smellmorions, which brought him to grief. Time being called, the wrist tipped "Mexo" on the snoot, causing a liberal exudation of claret, but a rib-roaster from "Mexo" compelled the other to throw up the sponge. No sponge being handy, a bucket was tossed up. "The colored troops fought nobly."

Embroideries from bankrupt importer's sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

A NEW FEATURE AT THE OVERTON.—The only thing lacking to rank the Overton with the leading hotels of the East and West was a telegraphic connection in the office. This want is being supplied by the establishment of a branch telegraph office in the building, in charge of Mr. Chris. Relly, a competent and courteous operator. Messages may now be sent from the Overton to all points of the country, and guests will no longer be subject to the inconvenience of visiting the main office, several squares away.

NOTICE TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.—Great reductions in passenger fares. Memphis to New York, first class, $35; Memphis to Omaha, first class, $27; Memphis to St. Paul, first class, $35. For through tickets to any point in the United States, and any information, passengers are respectfully invited to call at the General Union Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Office, No. 5 Jefferson street, Memphis.
LEVY & MILLER, Agents.
E. B. BYINGTON, General Agent. tf

TO MERCHANTS, JOBBERS AND RETAILERS.—Having an extra large stock of calicoes, bleached and brown domestics, stripes, bed ticking, jeans and linens, we are selling at New York quotations in order to close them out. Here are bargains for somebody. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building. 2w

Ladies, having a large stock of dress goods, lawns, house furnishing linens, shoes and fancy dry goods, we are selling them at extra low prices. Call and see the bargains. J. H. Loewenstine & Bros., No. 231 Main street, Clay Building. 2w

COST! COST!! COST!!!—The large and splendid stock of boots, shoes and hats—one of the finest in the South—to be closed out at less than Eastern cost, for cash, at J. T. Hanlan & Co.'s, No. 279 Main street. 1m

An immense quantity of embroideries, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

A lot of gents' furnishing goods, hats, etc., are closing out below cost at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street. 3

Fifty dozen ladies' white cotton hose, slightly damaged by water, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per pair. [1w] RICE & ENGEL.

Traveling dress goods, at eighteen and three-fourths cents per yard, at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, Southern Palace. 3t

The *finest* and *latest* styles of hats to be found at Leidy & Co's, 269 Main street, opposite the Square. 6t

Lawns and grenadines, in every grade, cheap at Howell, Wood & Co's. 3t

Just received, a large stock of lace points, by A. Seessel & Son. 1w

Linens, damask, towels, from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Our hats are the *best*. Leidy & Co, 269 Main street, opposite the Square. 3t

Second large arrival of fancy dress goods, by A. Seessel & Son. 1w

Lumber, Shingles and Laths can be bought low of B. K. Plain & Co., 304 Second street. 1m

NUT COAL.—A fresh supply just received and for sale by Brown & Jones, 247 Second street.

Lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

We will sell our damaged stock regardless of cost or value. Hesse & Co, 234 Main street. tf

Fifty pieces linen lawn at a sacrifice. Were wet, but not damaged [1w] RICE & ENGEL.

Great bargains in goods from bankrupt importer's sale, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

Fouland silks, fifty cents per yard, at Howell, Wood & Co.'s Southern Palace. 3t

A BURGLAR IN THE TOILS.

Shooting of a Desperate Negro While Crawling Through a Transom.

Several attempts recently made to rob Mr. L. Podesta's confectionery, on the south-east corner of Third and Madison streets, has rendered that gentleman more than ordinarily watchful. He sleeps in the rear of the establishment, and quite early yesterday morning was awakened by a noise, which proved to be caused by some one seeking to enter through the transom over the front door. Mr. Podesta cocked his pistol, fired, and the form of the would-be intruder dropped heavily on the pavement. The burglar was a negro named Miles Porter. When discovered he had nearly succeeded in effecting an entrance, and the bullet struck him in the abdomen. Porter was bleeding inwardly at last accounts, and his injuries were considered mortal.

This is the fourth or fifth instance of burglar shooting in the city and suburbs during the past few months. The logic of pistol bullets seldom fails, and if all citizens visited by night prowlers of this character were to sleep, like Mr. Podesta, with one eye open, and act as promptly, they would not only protect themselves but place the community under obligations. The few robbers sent to the penitentiary by the courts soon return, hardened by the chief of outlaws, Governor Brownlow, and the vicinity can be permanently rid of them only by homeopathic applications of lead and cold steel.

THE EVERLASTING WHARFBOAT QUESTION.—The ten days of suspension of the Aldermanic sword of Damocles expired yesterday, but the glittering weapon has not fallen. The wharfboats remain as peacefully at the landing as though the united efforts of the municipal authorities were devoted to riveting them to the bluff. The committee of three have been flying about, held a meeting or two, perhaps been scurried a little by the St. Louis Packet company's representations, and that's all. We learn that, while disposed to visit destruction upon the "outside" wharfboats, they now incline to permit the St. Louis wharfboat to remain, having ascertained that to be a marvelously proper institution. The representatives and friends of the company are chuckling over the victory, and assert that they will "work it." It is a singular fact that, while able to produce evidence of illicit operations on the part of Harmstad's and Johnson's wharfboats, nobody is brought forward to testify to any naughtiness practiced by the St. Louis concern. This sort of things won't do; these evidences of sudden weakness will doubtless be inquired into, should members of the Board who voted one way a short time ago, take the back track when the matter comes up for final disposition. The Grand Cyclops of the Packet Company, who has been here upwards of a week, is credited with a fair share of shrewdness; and he has not left a stone unturned. It remains to be seen whether his blandishments will result in any members of the Board being moulded like dough when the time for action comes.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT U. S. CURRENCY.—Late Thursday night, a young man named Fisher entered French John's eating-house and requested change for a $10 greenback. Mr. Mike Blessing, who happened to be at the counter, gave him two $5 bills, taking the $10. Some one suggesting that it would be prudent to examine it, a glance revealed it to be counterfeit. Fisher remarked that the man who gave him the bill was at Annie Gallagher's, (a low bagnio beyond the limits of Jefferson street,) and had plenty of the same kind. Sergeant J. K. Brown, of the night police, who was present, summoned patrolmen Clinton and Dee, and went down to look into the matter. They entered the house and arrested three men, giving their names as Charles Brown, W. D. Johnson and Wm. Newton. All had counterfeit money. Brown $117, Newton, $10 25, and Johnson $1 50. When arrested, Brown attempted to explain the possession of the money by alleging that it had been given him in payment for a horse the day before; but upon being requested to establish his innocence by aiding in securing the arrest of the party alluded to, had nothing more to say. The party were taken to the station house, and will be brought before United States Commissioner Morrison, to-morrow, for examination. Newton has been about Memphis for several years, but Brown and Johnson are new operators in this section. We think there is little doubt that large quantities of tolerably well executed counterfeit treasury notes have recently been brought here for circulation, and advise everybody to keep a sharp lookout for them.

A NEW AND ELEGANT SALOON.—Captain George W. Miller, proprietor of the magnificent "Capitol Saloon" in "Whisky Chute," has been preparing for some time to open an up-town saloon, No. 155 Main street, immediately above the Overton Hotel. It will be opened and in full blast to-morrow morning, and those familiar with the Capitol need not be told that the new saloon will be A. No. 1 in every respect. Captain Miller will keep none but the very best whisky, brandy, wines, ales, etc., and visitors may rely upon receiving the most courteous treatment for which his establishment has long been proverbial. Mr. Jake Randle, one of the most popular barkeepers in the city, and Mr. Culpp, well known on the river, will be on hand at all times to serve customers. The name chosen for the new saloon, which has been splendidly fitted up, is the "Crescent." A lunch will be set to-morrow from eleven a.m. to one p.m. Drop in.

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Having determined to wind up our business, we will commence to dispose of our stock of dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and notions at public auction to the highest bidder on Monday next at ten o'clock —to continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of. We will sell at private sale during this week only. Best calicoes at ten cents per yard, and other goods in proportion.
STRAUSS & BUHR, 213 Main street,
at Next door to Ward & Leclaire's drug store.

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REED & BRO.,
No. 15½ Jefferson street.

DUBUQUE BUCK AND LAGER BEER.—Having received, per steamer Great Republic, the first shipment this season of these well-known beverages, I hereby respectfully invite all judges and lovers of lager to call to-morrow, (at which time a grand lunch will be served,) and express their opinion of their respective merits. DON ZWEIFEL,
34½ Adams street.

Just received, at L. Kremer's, fifty cases straw goods, of the very latest shape, which will be sold at extraordinary low prices. Mr. Kremer is constantly in the New York market. He has the advantage of buying at very low prices, and we will give the public the benefit of it. Wholesale buyers will be dealt with at a very small advance over cost.

FASHION.—We were treated to a peep into the atelier of M. Perdue a few days ago, and witnessed the creation of a bonnet, from the frame up, under the deft fingers of Mlle Elise. If you wish to see it, call at 273½ Main street, opposite Court square.

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Trunks repaired and covered at the trunk factory, 359 Main street.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—*George W. Waldran, Judge.* No session yesterday. Motions will be heard to-morrow.

The attention of attorneys is directed to the following list of cases. Motion will be made on Monday the 27th inst., to have them stricken from the docket, and costs to be assessed against plaintiffs and their sureties.

No.
1 Reimer vs Pfannenstiehl et al
42 Barre 1 vs Van Brocklin
" " Nonnidat et al
48 Haich vs Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Co.
54 Chaffin, Meiser & Co. vs Speed et al
57 N. R. Mut. Ins. Co. vs Hart et al
57 Nat. Ins. Co. vs Hart et al
58 Chaffin vs Speed
60 Caudin, Mellen & Co. vs Speed et al
62 Russell, Gayle & Co. vs Lassett
67 Ketchum et al vs Fay
68 Chaffin et al vs Speed et al
69 Yeomanin vs Howard & Co
69 Rainey & Co. vs Powell
91 Hill, Rev. M. Hawley et al
" " vs W. W. Jones and app.
" " vs Trousdale et al
" " " "
" " " "
" " vs M. J. Wright et al
" " vs Hulbert
" " vs G. E. Lapham & Co.
" " vs Steinkuhl
" " vs Wolf & Co.
97 Duncan vs Purse & Co.
98 Bradley vs Gill
100 Fenerty vs Wilkinson
101 Johnson vs Wickle, Mason & Smith
107 Finch vs Wright
108 Life vs Arnold
110 Robinson vs Moon
113 Strauss and Baum vs Ireland
114 French vs Iviland
115 Schafer vs Brooks
117 Anthony & Co vs Gill
120 Patterson vs Richardson et al
130 Barrett vs Rosenfield
131 Cooper vs Locke
135 Beecher vs Sheehy county
148 Coleman & Co. vs Baker
157 Kahn vs sir. Mail of Peru
162 Barrett vs Sparks & Bro.
164 Van Brocklin vs Irwin
165 Hinkle sams. vs Maxwell
162 Thomas & Co vs Jinson
168 Rankin vs Bumner
" " vs Edwards vs Larkin
184 Thwaait vs Armistead
185 Kelley vs Barnes
191 Kison Bros. vs Hill Ex'r
195 Smith vs Gayle
199 Rosenbush vs Wolf
200 Ames, Woodbury & Jones vs Smith
210 Day vs Maxwell & Co
223 Ames, Woodbury & Jones vs McGlamb
" " vs Bryan
226 Shaw & Co. vs Lanier and Hughes
" " vs Keller
" " vs Grundi
" Ames, Woodbury & Co. vs Myers & Vaccaro
" " "
270 Schafer be Brooks & Sugee
274 Barrett vs Boschwitz & Bro
" " vs Van Brocklin
282 Richardson vs A Greenlaw
283 Dickinson vs M O Hopkins
285 Lawrence vs Walker et al
287 Ware vs Geary & Co
307 Kelley & Co vs Dufrey & Brennan
308 Kohen vs Cronch
309 Hinsfield vs Miller et al
317 Woolmer vs Cross
328 Wells vs Rogers
" " vs Richard & McClure
326 Shaw & Co vs Kraumel
327 Wells W F Armstrong
333 Ames & Co vs Stillman
334 Cummings vs Montgomery
351 Williams & Co vs George Johnson
365 Allen admrx vs Remington
367 Cohen & Co vs Rice
372 Ketchum vs Hepburn
373 Morford & Coleman vs Womble
384 Littleton vs Hechs
385 Thornton & Coleman vs Zimmerman
" " vs Malone
" " vs Judah
393 Hitzfield vs Graff & Etter
398 Sager vs Bates
400 Gadgier vs Isaacs
401 Plummer vs G Baker
402 Thornton & Co vs Durham
430 Lyons vs Thornton
431 Stevens vs Leonard
441 Wofford vs Ewis
444 Campbell vs Estep
446 Mem. Grove No. 2 vs Hock
448 Hesse, Levy & Co vs Stillman & Co
450 Echos vs Stillman
464 First National Bank vs Scott
467 W. Wickersham vs Stockley
471 Kelley & Co vs Dufrey & Brennan
472 " " vs Terrain
473 Rosamond & Co vs Allen & Dyer
488 Johnson vs Marshal
494 Ames, Beadle & Jones vs A G Vaccaro
" " "
498 Sichberg vs Cross
505 Cronan vs O'Connor
528 Smith vs Simpson
529 Hamilton vs Rainey
551 Morran vs Manning et al
570 Commercial Bank vs A Smith
588 Gallen & Co vs Longue
589 Cleary vs Brackett & Co.
626 Foster, Guynn & Co vs Kenion
630 Nathan vs Lane
673 Averson vs Kimbro
686 Maher vs Mattingly
687 Yancy vs Pendleton
691 Cunningham vs Williams et al
695 Bonner & Bros vs Hanson
699 Jacobi vs Nelson
700 Middleditch vs Moore
646 Grundy vs Hopkins & Co
650 Barney vs Borton
656 Tate, Able & Co vs Schell
658 Mahan vs Davis
660 Richmond vs Walton et al
741 Merchants' National Bank vs Hunt et al
746 Lawson & Co vs Whitehead
746 Bullock & Stahl vs Mehan, adm'r.
748 Walker vs Broom
763 Lehner, use, etc, vs City of Memphis
773 Walker vs Stillman
778 Levy & Bros vs Fuhr & Bros
806 J Miss. jr. vs E F Arata
Added by motion.
853 McCullum vs Pfannenstiehl
854 Brown vs Winston
831 Ketchum vs Halpin
848 Webb vs Topp
869 Beecher & Belcher vs Ford
890 Clark Bros vs Alexander
891 Budde vs Boovie
899 Slatley vs Lawless

LAW COURT—*James O. Pierce, Judge.*—Yesterday's docket and those familiar with the Capitol need not be told that the new saloon will be A. No. 1 in every respect. Captain Miller will keep none but the very best whisky, brandy, wines, ales, etc., and visitors may rely upon receiving the most courteous treatment for which his establishment has long been proverbial. Mr. Jake Randle, one of the most popular barkeepers in the city, and Mr. Culpp, well known on the river, will be on hand at all times to serve customers. The name chosen for the new saloon, which has been splendidly fitted up, is the "Crescent." A lunch will be set to-morrow from eleven a.m. to one p.m. Drop in.

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Funding the City Debt.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: The subject of issuing city bonds to relieve the present debt, which has elicited much general discussion for a few days past, is mistreated in a plausible communication, signed "Tax Payer," to a morning paper. He assumes that the city proposes to sell the bonds at fifty cents on the dollar, and upon this hypothesis argues that an increase of debt would follow. His premises, as I understand the question, are untenable. The value of these bonds is not necessarily fifty cents on the dollar; that is merely the lowest estimate made upon them in advance. The design of our city financial directors is, not to sell the bonds, but to fund the past due indebtedness of the city, of all kinds, into a bond, payable within thirty years—simply changing the date of the city's obligations from a pressing demand note to a time bond, to be paid in the future, thus relieving the city of an incubus of due debt. The whole issue is simply will it pay the city to fund a debt now nominally costing them no interest, into a bond upon which, for $1,000,000 issued, the city would have to pay $60,000 per annum? My answer most decidedly is yes, as proved by the financial reports of Mayor McDavitt, which shows that the city affairs, since January 1st, 1868, have been run upon a cash basis, at about $1,000 per month, being $50,000 per month *less* than in 1867, when the city was run by flooding the market with scrip. This shows as follows: *Increase* of liability of city by payment of interest on thirty year bonds, $60,000; *decrease*, by saving in running on a cash basis, $360,000, in twelve months, or a net saving per annum of not less than $300,000. With such an array of facts and figures, how can any voter or "tax-payer" oppose the funding of the city debt? CITIZEN.

New goods from bankrupt importer's sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. at great bargains. 3t

A LECTURE ON SPIRITUALISM TO-NIGHT.—We every day hear questions asked, and not very clearly answered, in regard to this, at present, interesting subject. Many look upon the developments of Spiritualism with a favorable, many with a sinister eye. The first think it to be a palpable proof of the soul's immortality and of life in another world. The latter assert, and offer proof, that the system, though assuming to itself a spirit—designation is, in reality, materializing in its tendencies—denying, while it seems to assert, all that is true of the immortality of the soul, or spirit-life beyond the grave. The difference is serious—which is right, which wrong? Surely the subject deserves a candid investigation. This a reverend gentleman from St. Louis, Father P. F. O'Reilly, proposes to give it, this evening, in a lecture at St. Patrick's Church, corner of Linden and DeSoto streets. Having made it a special study, much information may be expected from his treatment of it. See advertisement in another column.

MAY BALL.—Mr. William Ammon, the new proprietor of Forrest Hill, is determined to spare no pains or expenses in giving an entertainment, on the evening of May 1st, that shall be elegant, select and unique. Invitations have been issued to a limited number in the city and country. The supper will be an elegant and sumptuous affair. A first class band will go from the city, and a special train will go out in the evening to accommodate those going from the city. Tickets can be obtained at Jones' drug store, Merrimans', Cowperthwaits' and at the AVALANCHE office.

The lovers of good reading will be pleased to learn that the shelves of the Circulating Library are full to overflowing with all of the choice and popular books of the day. A small sum will make a lady or gentleman a subscriber, with the privilege of this splendid library. All of the leading papers and magazines published, and an elegant assortment of stationery. W. H. CAVE, Agent,
204 Third street, two doors south of Jefferson.

SOUTHERN JOURNAL OF MUSIC.—The seventh number of this new publication, issued at Louisville, is before us. It contains much that is valuable, not only to the amateur and artiste, but any one who loves the great melodies of nature and science. The poet's corner is well filled, and the new music is worth the price of the *Journal*. It deserves the hearty support of the Southern people.

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JOB PRINTING.—Messrs. Dalton and Price, under the Commercial Hotel, Jefferson street, are turning out as creditable specimens of job printing as can be found anywhere in the city. They employ competent workmen, are careful, and spare no efforts to please. Anything in the way of cards, circulars, bill heads, letter heads, hand bills, etc., executed at short notice.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT AT THE RACE COURSE.—Yesterday morning, while being exercised on the race course, the racer General Roussean fell with his rider, a negro boy, breaking the latter's leg. The horse was not injured, and afterward galloped over the track four or five times. The boy was properly cared for.

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NORFOLK AND MEMPHIS.—We were pleased to meet, last Friday, Mr. Wm. A. Prince, a prominent commission merchant of Norfolk, Virginia. He represents large capital and enterprise, and is here to consult with our business men in regard to direct trade with Norfolk.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure yesterday of meeting Captain W. A. Ferring, Clerk of the County Court of Mississippi county, Arkansas. The gallant Captain won his title and lost a leg in the Confederate army, where he distinguished himself.

Ladies wanting pretty and cheap bonnets, should call on Miss N. English, No. 230 Main street. Chip hats, new shape, fifty cents; trimmed hats, latest style, one dollar. Ladies, remember the number, 230 Main street, up stairs.

LADIES' PEARL—*John Shirley Ward, Editor.*—The May number of this valuable Southern Eclectic is before us, and is replete with foreign and home literature, and contains many pearls worthy to be cherished in the literary or family circle. It bids fair so far to be a success.

Dolbear's Commercial College, 230 Main street, open the entire year. Classes in writing, arithmetic, bookkeeping, and phonography, day and night.

SCHOOL PICNIC.—We learn that the children belonging to St. Peter's Sunday School will have their annual picnic in Chelsea on Tuesday, May 5th.

Murray and Ridgely, merchant tailors, 31 Madison street, have received a well selected stock of cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which for style and quality, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city. 1m

A fine assortment of ladies' lisle and cotton hosiery, at exceedingly low prices, have been received at Herzog & Brother's, 816½ Main street.

New style of prints at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

TRAVELERS.—The most secure trunks and valises only at the factory, 352 Main street.

Fall stock of English, French and German dress goods at Howell, Wood & Co.'s, 332 Main street: 3t

Our damaged stock of dry goods must be closed out within thrity days. RICE & ENGEL,
1w 203 Main street.

Striped silks, just received by A. Seessel & Son, No. 259 Main street. 1w

The Chinese straw hat at Leidy & Co's, 269 Main street, opposite the Square. 6t

New lace points, from bankrupt importer's sale, at less than gold prices, at B. Lowenstein & Bros. 3t

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RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, April 26.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

Belle Lee.....LOUISVILLE.....5 p.m.
Great Republic.....NEW ORLEANS.....5 p.m.
Dexter.....NEW ORLEANS.....5 p.m.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather during the day was inclement, but toward evening it began to clear up. The river here has risen three inches in the past twenty-four hours, ending at six p.m., and is now within fourteen inches of the high water mark of 1862. The river at Cairo is falling rapidly, and it will certainly come to a stand here by to-morrow. The Cumberland and Tennessee rivers are falling rapidly. At St. Louis the river is receding steadily. The Ohio is falling from Pittsburg to Cairo, with nine feet in the canal and seven feet on the falls. The Arkansas is falling, with seven feet in the channel from Little Rock out. White river is bank full, but falling at the head.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Rubicon, St. Louis.
" Minnie, Arkansas River.
" Dora, New Orleans.
" Victor No. 2, Halle's Point.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Minnie, St. Louis.
" Belle St. Louis, St. Louis.
" Clifton, Cincinnati.
" Liberty No. 2, White river.
" Dora, Cincinnati.
" Victor No. 2, Halle's

DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

EDITED, PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

M. C. GALLAWAY & CO.

AVALANCHE BUILDING,

Memphis, Tennessee.

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.

BY HENRY TIMROD.

Sleep sweetly in your humble graves,
Sleep, martyrs of a fallen cause,
Though yet no marble column craves
The pilgrim here to pause.

In seeds of laurels in the earth
The blossom of your fame is blown;
And, somewhere, waiting for its birth,
The shaft is in the stone!

Meanwhile, behalf the tardy years
Which keep in trust your storied tombs,
Behold your sisters bring their tears,
And these memorial blooms.

Small tributes! but your shades will smile
More proudly on these wreaths to-day,
Than when some cannon-moulded pile
Shall overlook this bay.

Stoop, angels, hither from the skies!
There is no lonlier spot of ground
Than where defeated valor lies
By mourning beauty crowned!

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.

BY REV. T. P. WINKLER.

The sea-born city mourn, but not in shame,
Her heroes laid in state beneath the dome
Of skies and solemn oaks. She chants their fame
Because they fought and fell for her, for home
And liberty. Rest, rest, ye gallant brave!
While we with sea-shell flowers bedeck your patriot graves.

We cannot live forgetting how ye died—
The check of youth that wore its velvet bloom,
The brow of manhood in its strength and pride,
The boy's life—devoted to the tomb!
Ye warriors, fires as were our winds and waves,
With tears and flowers we deck your sacrificial graves.

Could ye a dearer gift than life bestow?
Sires, husbands, sons, who braved the battle shock,
And gladly gave the crimson tide to flow
As shepherds o'er the pooled for your flock?
Ye fought, ye died, that we might not be slaves,
Alas, what slight return we scatter on your graves!

Frail emblems wreathe around your holy shrines;
But Love, for which ye bore the mortal stroke,
Rich Nature plant her monumental pines,
And rear her dark green mounds of Southern oak,
And all her swelling seas and voices crave,
Instead of grief-wet flowers, to consecrate your graves.

A happier age may bid the pile arise,
With trophied symbol and with martial name;
A juster world invest you with the prize
To gain and plaunt in the lists of fame;
The oak that guards your bones, the drops that saves
Your living blood, we pledge, to flower, upon your graves.

THE CONFEDERATE DEAD.

BY MRS. C. A. BALL.

No orphans mourn, no mothers weep,
No sister's tears are shed;
Over the graves where calmly sleep
Our brave and martyred dead.
But woman's heart a blessing breathes,
And woman's hands are twining wreathes
Above each lowly bed.

And flowers of summer's sunshine born,
In robes of beauty dressed,
Are brought by seasons to adorn
The soldier's place of rest.
Dear was the cause for which they bled,
And honored still shall be our dead,
Our noblest, and our best.

Then come, and o'er each buried head
Your floral offerings cast;
Meet tribute to the gallant dead,
Who on their fame have set.
And soon above our countless slain,
When long have all dishonored rain
Shall monumental marble tell
How gloriously they fought and fell;
And the brave boys we loved so well
Will have their meed at last.

LEGAL.

Decisions of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, at Brownsville, April Term, '68.

Reported for the Avalanche, by Judge R. H. Heath, of the Memphis Bar.]

B. F. Harrison vs. A. G. Hallum.

As to the defendants, who are executors of Marshall's will, the bill shows no ground of jurisdiction. The legacy in their hands was equitable assets, which cannot be reached by execution at law against the legatee, nor by bill in chancery otherwise than upon a judgment at law and return of *nulla bona* to execution upon the judgment; or upon some of the grounds prescribed by law, which authorize an original chancery attachment; or upon the ground prescribed by the Code S., 4288; or the fraudulent conveyance of properties to defeat creditors.

Upon common law principles a judgment creditor cannot subject the equitable personal properties of his debtor until after the exhaustion of the ordinary legal remedy, which is the execution of *fieri facias* and the return of the execution *nulla bona*.

The judgment, execution and *nulla bona* are indispensable elements of a bill in equity to reach the equitable personal properties of the debtor.

Sometimes a bill is brought by a judgment creditor to reach and subject legal assets, real or personal, of the debtor, such assets as are subject to execution at law. Such bill rests on two elements—one a lien on the properties sought to be reached; the other an inequitable impediment in the way of proper enforcement of the execution. The notion is, that the creditor has no right to proceed against the properties by bill in chancery unless he has a lien on them, and such lien is given, as to personal properties, by the execution only. Therefore, the execution must be current at the time of filing the bill, otherwise as to personal properties, there is no lien.

But in addition to the lien, there must be, in order to sustain a bill of this kind, to subject legal personal assets to execution at law, an impediment of some kind in the way of the enforcement of the execution. A fraudulent conveyance of the properties by the debtor is an instance of the impediment spoken of. If the properties sought to be so subjected are real, the judgment gives the lien, and, perhaps, no current execution is necessary to sustain a bill of this character to subject real estate covered by an inequitable impediment.

To sustain a bill of the kind first mentioned, that is to subject equitable personal assets upon a judgment, execution and *nulla bona*, no lien is essential and none ordinarily exists. By the Code, however, S. 4,286, the creditor may fix a lien on such equitable assets, in advance of the filing of his bill, by registering a memorandum of his judgment in the proper county and following up the return of his execution with his bill for the purpose within the prescribed time. Without such registered memorandum, the lien is given by and begins with the filing of the bill.

Again, equitable properties, real or personal, may be reached without judgment at law, by means of an attachment in chancery. In this case the bill must rest upon some of the prescribed by statute which authorize the issuance of a chancery original attachment. Without such ground such bill is fatally defective on demurrer.

Again, a creditor at large, that is, a creditor without judgment or decree, may, under the Code, S. 4,288, maintain a bill in chancery, to subject the legal or equitable properties of his debtor, which the latter has conveyed to another for the purpose of hindering and defrauding his creditors. Without such statute that bill could not be maintained until judgment or decree first obtained.

Thus it is, in order to subject the legacy in the hands of the executors, which is equitable personalty, the bill in chancery must show,

1st. A judgment, execution and *nulla bona;* or,

2d. One of the grounds for which an original attachment in Chancery may issue, prescribed by the statute law; or,

3d. A conveyance or device made as to the property sought to be subjected, to hinder and defraud creditors.

The present bill does not contain the elements or ground necessary to bring it within either of the classes of the bills mentioned.

The bill must therefore be dismissed as to the defendants, who are the executors of the will of Marshall. But as to the other defendants, the judgment debtors, and the fraudulent grantees of such debtors, the bill will be retained; the objection that the bill as to the defendants is multifarious, is not well taken.

It is altogether proper, where there are several judgment debtors, and one of them has made a fraudulent conveyance to one grantee, and another has made a fraudulent conveyance to another grantee, to unite all these debtors and their several grantees in one common bill.

The one judgment and the one object of the bill—the satisfaction of the judgment and the common purpose to defraud the creditors—constitute a quite sufficient link to take the bill out of the objection of multifariousness.

There is nothing in the objection that all the beneficiaries entitled to the proceeds of this judgment are not made parties to this bill. It was enough to make Harrison alone, the plaintiff in the judgment, sole complainant. The judgment was founded on a note made payable to Harrison, who was commissioner to sell lands and slaves, under a decree in a proceeding by the heirs and distributees of Nancy Hallum, deceased, to sell the estate descended from her to them. Harrison sold the properties, and received from the purchaser the note on which the judgment is founded.

The heirs and distributees who are entitled to the funds which Harrison may collect, are not necessary parties to this bill.

If he chose to file the bill for the benefit of such as might choose to become parties to it, it is a matter of no consequence to the defendants whether all are brought in or not. Harrison is the party with whom the debtors have to deal. If they pay him, or are made to pay him the money they owe, they are discharged from liability to the beneficiaries and upon their note and the judgment.

We have looked into the case of Johnson vs. Brown, 2d Humphreys, with a view to the point suggested that the bill ought to be here finally dismissed as to all the defendants. The ruling in that case is proper, under the practice as then existing in chancery, and, in a like case, we might probably be disposed to follow it. The present case presents obvious differences. And, under the latter policy of our Courts, to reverse causes and dismiss parties for merits only, we concluded to permit this cause to be retained as to these parties and meritorious equities, and sent back to the Court below for further proceedings as to them.

Dismiss the bill as to the defendants, who are executors of Marshall, and remand this cause to the Chancery Court for such further proceedings as may be suitable.

HENRY G. SMITH, Judge.

Wallace & Ringal, and Chappell, Bruce & McIntyre, vs. M. W. Galloway & Son.

The opinion is delivered by Judge Smith: The court is of opinion, where one of the partners of a firm resides in the State, and the other is a non-resident, the non-residence of the latter is not a ground on which an original attachment bill, in chancery, will lie, in favor of a creditor of the firm against the partners and effects of the firm.

Whether upon a firm debt, the creditor may have his bill against the non-resident partner, and attach his interest in the firm's assets, and bring in the resident partner, for the purpose of ascertaining the interest of the non-resident partner, need not now be decided. The reasoning of the learned Judge would seem to indicate that in his opinion this could not be successfully attempted.

The demurrer of the defendants, which was sustained below, is sustained here, and the bill is dismissed.

Joseph H. Gardner, administrator, vs. Felix W. Haney and Lafayette Mc. Haney.

The plaintiffs intestate had recovered several judgments, before a Justice of the Peace, against one of the defendants, which were stayed by the other defendant, the aggregate of which judgments was $483; and his administrator brought an action of debt on these judgments; the defendants demurred:

First, For that the action of debt would not lie on such judgments. Second, For that protest was not made of them. Held by the court—Smith, Judge, delivering the opinion—that neither cause of demurrer is well taken; the plaintiff has an election to bring his action of debt, or resort to a *scire facias;* and this as well against the stayor as the original debtor; and there is no necessity, at common law, or under the Code, to make protest.

The demurrer is overruled, the judgment of the court below in favor of defendants is reversed, and the cause is remanded, with leave to defendants to plead over.

Holdmark vs. Molin.

This was an action of replevin to recover a filly. The Court held (Smith, Judge,) delivering the opinion—

First—If the sale was on condition, so as that the title to the filly was not to pass from Holdmark to Hardin, under whom Molin claimed, until Hardin had paid the price of the filly to Holdmark, and the price had never been paid, then the plaintiffs would be entitled to their verdict, so far as the verdict depended on this question; but if the sale was absolute and without reservation of title to Holdmark, when he sold to Hardin, then the verdict and judgment ought to be for defendants.

Second—That although the declarations of a party, in the possession of personal property, are evidence of the character of his possession, and his title, when offered against the vendee of the person making the declaration, still the Court cannot reverse the judgment of the Court below, for error, unless the exception set out the declarations sought to be given in evidence, so as to show they were material to the party offering them, and thus there was error.

Fourth—That the declarations of Hardin, as to his possession of and title to the filly, made *after* he had sold the filly and transferred the possession to Molin, were not evidence for the defendant.

All the exceptions of defendant being overruled, the judgment of the Circuit Court for plaintiff is by the Supreme Court affirmed.

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Fire Branch, - - - - - $163,123 00
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MISCELLANEOUS.

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—AT—

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THE CELEBRATED RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS, situated on the confines of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby county, Tennessee, nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wells' Station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These springs are six in number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and empties into the "Father of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, can produce hundreds of certificates of cures in cases which had been entirely given over medical skill. The ground surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is as remarkable for its healthfulness as beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, never failing, and are designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING,
BOX SPRING,
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The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and peculiarly characteristic of its healthfulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as by invalids, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, Ladies' Bowling Alley, Rustic Arbors, Reading Saloon, Gents' Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasiums, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent Boating and Fishing

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they are unsurpassed in mineral and curative properties by any in the United States. There is no reason then why Raleigh should not become as famous as Saratoga, Sharon or Lebanon, and as largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to accomplish this end.

The elegant country mansion house and lot, residence of Colonel J. M. COLEMAN, is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains ten rooms, and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade.

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Just Received and Cheap for Cash.

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Field and Garden Seeds

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Notice.

I WILL, at the next term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of Patrick Mattin, deceased.

D. A. RYAN, Attorney for Bonds. DANIEL BREEN,
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LIQUORS, ETC.,

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LEGAL.

Attachment Suit.

W. F. Wright and Alva N. Wilcox vs. John Hilliard.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3[illegible] of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by the proper officer "levied," etc., on the property of the defendant, John Hilliard; it is therefore ordered, that said defendant appear at my office, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., on or before the 25th day of May, 1868, and defend this suit, or the same will be taken as confessed and the case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Avalanche.

apr22 JAMES HALL, J. P.

Attachment Notice.

W. F. Wright vs. John Hilliard.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been issued out against him, upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and returned by the proper officer, "levied, etc.," and the case is set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 25th day of May, 1868, at ten o'clock a.m., when and where he can appear and defend said action, or else the case will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Avalanche.

apr22 JAMES HALL, J. P.

Administratrix's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of David James, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at April term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me; and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

apr22 ELIZA JAMES, Administratrix of DAVID JAMES, deceased.

Trustee's Sale.

Valuable Mississippi River Plantation for Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust made to me as trustee on the 11th day of December, 1865, by W. F. T. Harrell, and which is duly registered in the Register's office of Tipton county, Tennessee, in record book P, page 181, and to which deed and reference is here made, and in pursuance of the terms thereof, and in pursuance of an order of the Chancery Court of Memphis, entered March 27, 1868, in the cause of R. T. Harrell vs. Susan Brown et al., I will,

On Friday, the 8th day of May, 1868,

Proceed to sell between the hours of eleven o'clock a.m. and 12 o'clock m., at public auction, in front of the Postoffice in Memphis, Tennessee, to the highest bidder for cash the following real estate, described in said trust deed as follows: A certain tract of land situate, lying and being in the county of Tipton and State of Tennessee, situate on the banks of the Mississippi river, adjoining the lands of John Trigg on the north, J. Fitzhugh on the west, and on the south and Rothrock and Bell on the south, and Samuel Benton's on the south, containing six hundred acres, it being the tract of land conveyed by Susan Bryan to R. T. Harrell on the 18th of December, 1863; said deed of trust also conveys with the land all cattle and hogs, corn and cotton crops on the place, and all farming utensils and mechanics' tools, which will also be sold at the same time. There is a comfortable dwelling house, also other outhouses and buildings on the place, and is known as the plantation formerly belonging to Sanford Brown, Esq. The above sale is positive, as it is sold for the payment of a balance due on the purchase money.

Equity of redemption is waived. The title to said property is believed to be undisputed, but I will only sell and convey as trustee.

For more particular information apply to BUSCHER & BELCHER, Attorneys, Irving Block.

apr7 R. J. HOUSE, Trustee.

No. 2079—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis, Tennessee—Insolvent and Creditor's Notice—John Malium, Administrator, de bonis non, of the estate of James H. Marshall, deceased, vs. John H. Holland and wife et al.

IN this cause the insolvency of the estate of James H. Marshall, deceased, has been suggested, the creditors thereof made parties defendant to this suit, whose names and places of residence are unknown, and an order entered directing publication to be made; it is therefore ordered, that they make their appearance herein at the Court House in the city of Memphis, on or before the first Monday in June, 1868, and file and establish their claims against said estate, or the same will be forever barred. The case set for hearing ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for three months in the Memphis Avalanche.

A copy—Attest.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By H. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.

HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY, Solicitors for complainant. mh3

Notice to Creditors.

No. 2021—Chancery Court of Memphis—John C. Lanier vs. the Gayoso Savings Institution et al.

IT is ordered by the Court in this cause, that the creditors of the Gayoso Savings Institution do immediately come in and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper proof of the same, that they may receive pro rata share of the assets of said Bank for distribution among the creditors; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Appeal, Avalanche and Post, until the further orders of this Court.

A copy—Attest.

AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By BENJ. COLMAN, Deputy C. & M. mh7

Administrator's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of E. Stephenson, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of said E. Stephenson, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

April 7, 1868. J. W. DICKEY, Administrator.
Printer paid $5 00. apr9

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of William Haney, deceased, having been granted to me by the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the May term, 1868, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to pay such indebtedness to me, and I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred.

mh13 Administrator of Wm. Haney, deceased.

Administratrix's Settlement in the County Court of Shelby County.

To the Heirs and Creditors of Walt C. Bradford, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my annual and final settlement of the estate of Walt C. Bradford, deceased, with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

apr7 C. A. SCHAFER, Administratrix.

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust executed by H. D. Sherman to me, (S. R. Hammon) to secure the payment of a note for the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000), payable to H. L. Flesh, dated Memphis, November 16, 1867, duly recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, State of Tennessee, in Record book No. 62, page 406, to which reference is hereby made, I will, on

Thursday, the 30th day of April, 1868,

At the late residence of H. D. Sherman, situated in Shelby county, about nine (9) miles from the city of Memphis, near the Horn Lake road, proceed to sell for cash, at public outcry, the following described property, as set forth in said deed of trust, for the payment of the debt therein mentioned, viz: Eight (8) stock of cattle, two (2) mules, one (1) horse, seven (7) milch cows, one (1) spring wagon and one (1) ox wagon.

mch21 R. GAMMON, Trustee.

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of W. T. Donelson.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 1, 1868. R. A. WILSON, Guardian.
Printer paid $5 00. apr

Guardian's Settlement in County Court of Shelby County.

To the Friends and Creditors of Heirs of Wm. P. Allen, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have filed my settlements of the estate of the said Heirs with the Clerk of said Court, and that I will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the May term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Court House in the city of Memphis.

Filed April 4, 1868. MARY C. ALLEN, Guardian.
Printer paid $5 00. apr14

Trustee's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a deed of trust to me executed and delivered on the 8th day of April, 1867, by T. J. Rennolds, over, and duly noted on pages 423, 424 and 425 of Record Book No. 61, in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, to secure the indebtedness therein described, I shall,

On Thursday, the 7th day of May, 1868,

In front of the Greenlaw Block, at the door of the Chancery Court room, between the hours of ten a.m. and four p.m., sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: Seventy-five (75) acres in the south-east corner of the tract of land conveyed by M. Brewster to Mrs. R. Ragland, executrix, and S. R. Ragland, executor, of R. Ragland, deceased, which said tract is of record in the Register's office of Shelby county, in book 54, part second, page 19, and it, and is therein described as lot No. 3, and the seventy-five acres, to-wit: the same conveyed by F. M. Brewster to Thomas J. Rennolds, by deed of record in book 60, page 40, part first, pages 39 and 40, May 11, 1867, and to which reference is made for description, and said sale is made subject to equity of redemption, is waived; the title believed to be good, but I convey only as Trustee.

JOHN R. REASONOVER, Trustee.

apr1

Attachment Notice.

R. A. Frodsham vs. J. C. Orr. Before Michael Foley, J. P.

THE defendant in the above entitled cause will take notice that an attachment has been issued out against him, upon the grounds that he is a non-resident of the State of Tennessee, and returned by the proper officer, levied, etc., and that the case is set for hearing at my office in the city of Memphis, on the 25th day of May, 1868, at ten o'clock a.m., when and where he can appear and defend said action, or else the case will be proceeded with ex parte; and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four weeks in the Memphis Daily Avalanche.

apr22 MICHAEL FOLEY, J. P.

Creditor's Notice.

No. 2425—N. B. D.—In the Chancery Court of Memphis—W. N. Wilkerson et al., vs. the Franklin Insurance Banking Company et al.

IN this cause, upon motion and in conformity to the prayer of the bill it is ordered by the Court that all persons claiming to be creditors of and having any character of demand against the Franklin Insurance and Banking Company of Memphis, shall come and make proof into this Court and have themselves made parties to this suit, and file their claims with the Clerk and Master, with proper evidence of the same, that they may severally receive their ratable share of the assets of said Company, or be debarred in this cause; and that a copy of this order be published in the Memphis Daily Appeal and Avalanche for three (3) months from this date. March 11, 1868.

A copy—Attest. AUGUSTUS ALSTON, Clerk and Master.

By B. J. BLACK, Deputy C. & M.

HOYT, JACKSON, MCDAVITT and E. ROAKE PICKENS, Solicitors for Complainant. mh21

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of April, A. D., 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

J. J. COHEN,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 40 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 8th day of April, A.D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM, Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. apr25

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

ANDREW HAIGHT,

of ——, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 40 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock a.m., Memphis, Tennessee, 8th day of April, A.D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENEY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM, Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. apr25

Notice in Bankruptcy.

United States of America, Western District of Tennessee, ss.

THIS is to give notice that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of

JOHN C. ROGERS,

of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 40 Main street, in Waldran block, Memphis, Tennessee, before Thomas J. Latham, Esq., Register, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1868, at ten o'clock, a.m. Memphis, Tennessee, 8th day of April, A. D., 1868.

J. M. TOMENY,
United States Marshal, as Messenger.
By J. B. BINGHAM, Deputy United States Marshal, as Messenger. apr25

Attachment Notice.

Wormeley, Joy & Co. vs. Wormeley, Joy & Co., vs. Mrs. D. F. Lorance.

AFFIDAVIT for attachment having been made in this case in pursuance of section 3[illegible] of the Code of Tennessee, and attachment having been issued and returned by